SAR Compliance Test Report

Testing Lab: BlackBerry RTS
440 Phillip Street
Waterloo, Ontario
Canada N2L 5R9
Phone: 519-888-7465
Fax: 519-746-0189

Applicant: BlackBerry Limited
2200 University Ave. East
Waterloo, Ontario
Canada N2K 0A7
Phone: 519-888-7465
Fax: 519-888-6906

Web site: www.BlackBerry.com

Statement of Compliance: BlackBerry RTS declares under its sole responsibility that the product to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices.

Device Category: This BlackBerry® Smartphone is a portable device, designed to be used in direct contact with the user's head, hand and to be carried in approved accessories when carried on the user's body.

RF Exposure Environment: This device has been shown to be in compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in, FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, FCC 96-326, IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, as reproduced in RSS-102 issue 4-2010 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in latest FCC OET KDB Procedures, ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-2002, IEEE 1528-2013, and RSS 102-issue4-2010

Andrew Becker
SAR & HAC Compliance Specialist
(Author of the Test Report)

Daoud Attayi
Compliance Systems Analyst II
SAR & HAC Compliance Lead
(Verification and responsible of the Test Report)

Masud S. Attayi
Manager, Regulatory Compliance
(Approval for the Test Report)

RTS is accredited according to EN ISO/IEC 17025 by:

592

Report Issue Date: Dec 04, 2014

Contents

1.0 OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS

1.1 Picture of Device

Please refer to Appendix E.

Figure 1.1-1 BlackBerry Smartphone

1.2 Antenna description

Type	Internal fixed antenna
Location	Please refer to Figure 1.9-1
Configuration	Internal fixed antenna

Table 1.2-1 Antenna description

1.3 Device description

Device Model	RGV161LW (SQW100-3)			
FCC ID	L6ARGV160LW			
PIN	Radiated: 2FFEDD1D, 2FFEDD03 Conducted: 2FFEDD07			
Hardware Rev	Rev1-x07-00			
Software Version	10.3.1.887, 10.3.1.1064, 10.3.1.1206, 10.3.1.1817			
Prototype or Production Unit	Production			
Mode(s) of Operation	1-slot GSM 850 GSM 1900	2-slots EDGE/GPRS 850/1900	3-slots EDGE/GPRS 850/1900	4-slots EDGE/GPRS 850/1900
Nominal maximum conducted RF output power (dBm)	33.0 30.5	30.0 28.5	28.5 25.5	26.5 25.0
Tolerance in power setting on centre channel (dB)	± 0.6	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5
Duty cycle	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8
Transmitting frequency range (MHz)	824.2 – 848.8 1850.2 – 1909.8	824.2 – 848.8 1850.2 – 1909.8	824.2 – 848.8 1850.2 – 1909.8	824.2 – 848.8 1850.2 – 1909.8
Mode(s) of Operation	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	Bluetooth
Nominal maximum conducted RF output power (dBm)	15.5	17.5	15.5	10.0
Tolerance in power setting on centre channel (dB)	+2/-2.5	+2/-2.5	+2/-2.5	± 0.75
Duty cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1	N/A
Transmitting frequency range (MHz)	2412-2462	2412-2462	2412-2462	2402-2483
Mode(s) of Operation	802.11a/n/ac (low band)	802.11a/n/ac (middle band)	802.11a/n/ac (upper band I)	802.11a/n/ac (upper band II)
Nominal maximum conducted RF output power (dBm)	16.0	18.0	18.0	18.0
Tolerance in power setting on centre channel (dB)	+2/-2.5	+2/-2.5	+2/-2.5	+2/-2.5
Duty cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1
Transmitting frequency range (MHz)	5180-5240	5260-5320	5520-5700	5745-5825

Mode(s) of Operation	HSPA+/ WCDMA / UMTS FDD V (850)	HSPA+/ WCDMA / UMTS FDD IV (1800)	HSPA+/ WCDMA / UMTS FDD II (1900)	NFC
Nominal maximum conducted RF output power (dBm)	24.2	24.0	24.0	N/A
Tolerance in power setting on centre channel (dB)	± 0.6	± 0.6	± 0.6	N/A
Duty cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1	N/A
Transmitting frequency range (MHz)	824.6 – 846.6	1712.4 – 1752.6	1852.4 – 1907.6	13.56

Table 1.3-1 Test device characterization for U.S. wireless operating modes/bands

Note 1: SAR measurements on NFC haven't been conducted, since it is very low power and frequency magnetic field transceiver. SAR probes measure higher frequency/power electric field.

Note 2: This device supports Wireless Charging which is a Receiver function at an operating frequency of <300 KHz.

Note 3: Open loop antenna tuning is used for all transmitters (GSM/WCDMA/LTE) which is equivalent to the static tuning configurations used in traditional handsets that do not have any specific antenna tuning flexibility or additional hardware.

Device Model	RGV161LW (SQW100-3)					
FCC ID	L6ARGV160LW					
PIN	Radiated: 2FFEDD1D, 2FFEDD03 Conducted: 2FFEDD07					
Hardware Rev	Rev1-x07-00					
Software Version	10.3.1.887, 10.3.1.1064, 10.3.1.1206, 10.3.1.1817					
Prototype or Production Unit	Production					
Transmission channel bandwidth	Band 2: 1.4 MHz , 3 MHz , 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz Band 4: 1.4 MHz , 3 MHz , 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz Band 5: 1.4 MHz , 3 MHz , 5 MHz, 10 MHz Band 17: 5 MHz, 10 MHz					
Transmission channel number and frequencies at highest bandwidth						
	LTE band 2		**LTE band 4**		**LTE band 5**	
	f (MHz)	**Chan.**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan.**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan.**
L	1860.0	18700	1720.0	20050	829.0	20450
M	1880.0	18900	1732.5	20175	836.5	20525
H	1900.0	19100	1745.0	20300	844.0	20600
	LTE band 17					
	f (MHz)	**Chan.**				
L	709.0	23780				
M	710.0	23790				
H	711.0	23800				

UE Category	Category 3	
Modulation supported in uplink	QPSK, 16QAM	
Description of LTE antenna	1 Tx/Rx Ant, Sharing with GSM/UMTS; 1 Rx Ant	
LTE voice available/supported	Yes	
Hotspot with LTE+WiFi	Yes	
Hotspot with LTE+WiFi active with GSM/UMTS voice	No	
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Yes	
LTE A-MPR	Disabled during testing , by setting NV value to NV_01 on the CMW500	
Nominal Maximum conducted RF Output Power (dBm) +/- Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel (dB)	Band 2: 23.5 ± 0.50 Band 4: 23.5 ± 0.50 Band 5: 23.5 ± 0.50 Band 17: 23.0 ± 0.50	
Other non-LTE U.S. wireless operating modes/bands	GSM//WCDMA/HSPA^{+}	GSM 850 MHz UMTS/WCDMA 850 MHz UMTS/WCDMA 1800 MHz GSM 1900 MHz UMTS/WCDMA 1900 MHz
	802.11 a/ac/b/g/n	2.4 GHz Wi-Fi 5 GHz Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz BT

Table 1.3-2 Test device characterization all North American wireless operating modes/bands

Note 1: As per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 V10.0.0 (2011-12):

"The channel numbers that designate carrier frequencies so close to the operating band edges that the carrier extends beyond the operating band edge shall not be used. This implies that the first 7, 15, 25, 50, 75 and 100 channel numbers at the lower operating band edge and the last 6, 14, 24, 49, 74 and 99 channel numbers at the upper operating band edge shall not be used for channel bandwidths of 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz respectively."…5.4.4

Note 2: Open loop antenna tuning is used for all transmitters (GSM/WCDMA/LTE) which is equivalent to the static tuning configurations used in traditional handsets that do not have any specific antenna tuning flexibility or additional hardware.

1.4 Body worn accessories (holsters)

The device has been tested with the holster listed below and/or a 15mm manufacturer recommended separation distance. The holster has been designed with the intended device orientation being with the LCD facing the belt clip only. Proper positioning is vital for protection of the LCD display, and to help maximize the battery life of the device. The device can also be placed in the holster with the backside facing the belt clip. Body SAR measurements were carried out with the worst-case configuration front LCD side and backside towards the belt clip.

Number	Holster Type	Part Number	Separation distance (mm)
1	Body-worn Holster	HDW-60691-003	19

Table 1.4.1. Body worn holster

1.5 Headset

The device was tested with and without the following headset model numbers.

1)HDW-49299-002
2)HDW-55351-002

1.6 Battery

The device was tested with the following Lithium Ion Battery pack.

1)BAT-58107-00x

1.7 Procedure used to establish test signal

- The device was put into test mode for SAR measurements by placing a call from a Rohde & Schwarz CMU 200 or CMW 500 Communications Test Instrument. The power control level was set to command the device to transmit at full power at the specified frequency. Other parameters include: Channel type = full rate, discontinuous transmission off, frequency hopping off. For LTE specific bandwidths, number of resource blocks, and resource block offsets were set. In addition, LTE A-MPR was disabled.
- Software Tool was used to set Wi-Fi to transmit at maximum power and duty cycle for each band, channel, and modulation.
- A Rohde & Schwarz CBT Bluetooth Tester was used to establish a connection with the DUT's Bluetooth radio.

1.8 Highlights of the KDB/FCC OET SAR Measurement Requirements

1.8.1 SAR Measurements 100 MHz to 6 GHz as per KDB 865664 D01 v01r03

• Repeat measurements when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement was performed to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations. An additional repeated measurement is required only if the measured results are within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
• Maintained dielectric parameter uncertainty to ± 5.0% of the target values, (although it is very challenging to control/maintain both permittivity and conductivity for 5-6 GHz for all test channels within ± 5.0% of the target values, some conductivity values were measured slightly higher which resulted in more conservative SAR values.
• Liquid depth from SAM ERP or flat phantom was kept at 15 cm.
• Probe Requirement: Used SPEAG probe model ET3DV6/ES3DV3 for 2.45 GHz and EX3DV4 for 5-6 GHz SAR testing specs are outlined below:

ET3DV6/ES3DV3	
Probe tip to sensor center	2.7 mm / 2.0 mm
Probe tip diameter is	6.8 mm / 4.0 mm
Probe calibration uncertainty	< 15 % for f = 2.45 GHz
Probe calibration range	± 100 MHz
EX3DV4	
Probe tip to sensor center	1.0 mm
Probe tip diameter is	2.5 mm
Probe calibration uncertainty	< 15 % for f = 2.45 to < 6.0 GHz
Probe calibration range	± 100 MHz

Table 1.8.1-1 Probe specification requirements

• Area scan resolution was maintained at 10mm (5-6 GHz), 12mm (2-3 GHz), and 15mm (</= 2 GHz)
• System accuracy validation was conducted within ± 100 MHz of device mid-band frequency and results were within ± 10 % of the manufacturers target value for each band.
• Zoom scan: The following settings were used for the validation and measurement.

ET3DV6/ES3DV3	
Closest Measurement Point to Phantom	4.0 mm (ET3)/ 3.0 mm (ES3)
Zoom Scan (x,y) Resolution	7.5 mm (≤2 GHz) or 5 mm (2-3 GHz)
Zoom Scan (z) Resolution	5.0 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	Minimum 30 x 30 x 30 mm[1]
EX3DV4	
Closest Measurement Point to Phantom	2.0 mm
Zoom Scan (x,y) Resolution	4.0 mm (5-6 GHz)
Zoom Scan (z) Resolution	2.0 mm (5-6 GHz)
Zoom Scan Volume	Minimum 24 x 24 x 22 mm[1]

Table 1.8.1-2 Zoom Scan requirement

Note: "Auto-extend zoom scan when maxima on boundary" is enabled, which can result in the zoom scan dimensions varying between 30x30x30 to 60x60x30 mm and 24x24x22 to 48x48x22 mm

1.8.2 802.11a/b/g/n/ac SAR Measurement Procedures as per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02

- Frequency Channel Configuration: 802.11 b/g modes are tested on the highest output power channel.

- 802.11a is tested for UNII operations on the highest output power channel of each sub band (low, mid, upper band I, and upper band II). If the highest output power channel has a SAR level that is not 3dB lower than the limit, then the "default test channels" of each sub band must also be tested. The "default channels" for each sub band are [36, 48], [52, 64], [104, 116, 124, and 136], [149, 157, and 165].

- For each frequency band, testing at higher rates and higher modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than ¼ dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.

- SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

- SAR test was conducted on each "default test channel" and each band with the worst case modulation and highest duty cycle, if the SAR level was within 3dB of the limit.

- 802.11a does not support channels 52 – 140 in Hotspot and GO/Direct mode.

- 802.11ac does not support Hotspot and GO/Direct mode

1.8.3 3G SAR Measurement Procedures as per KDB 941225 D01 v03r00

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest *reported* SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

For example, when the *reported* SAR of a primary mode is 1.4 W/kg and the maximum output power specified for the primary and secondary modes are 250 mW and 200 mW, the scaled SAR would be 1.4 x (200/250) = 1.12 W/kg; therefore, SAR is not required for the secondary mode.

1.8.3.1 GSM, GPRS, EDGE and DTM

The following procedures may be considered for each frequency band to determine SAR test reduction for devices operating in GSM/GPRS/EDGE modes to demonstrate RF exposure compliance. GSM voice mode transmits with 1 time slot. GPRS and EDGE may transmit up to 4 time slots in the 8 time-slot frame according to the multi slot class implemented in a device. For Class A devices with Dual Transfer Mode (DTM) capability that support simultaneously transmission using both circuit switched (CS) and pack switched (PS) connections, the aggregate time slots must be considered in the applicable exposure conditions to determine SAR compliance. Unless it is clearly explained in the SAR report that DTM is not feasible or does not apply to a device, DTM SAR results are expected for Class A GSM/(E)GPRS devices to demonstrate SAR compliance. When enhanced EDGE mode with additional time slots or higher order modulations (QAM) applies, until procedures are available, a KDB inquiry is necessary to determine the configurations required for SAR testing. The SAR test reduction procedures for GSM/(E)GPRS devices may be considered in conjunction with the applicable SAR test reduction provisions in KDB Publication 447498. Regardless of whether DTM applies to a GSM/(E)GPRS device, operating parameters such as device Class, (E)GPRS multi slot class, DTM multi slot class and the maximum time-slot burst averaged conducted output power must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support the test configurations and measurement results. A summary of the specific procedures and test configurations applied to the SAR measurements must be clearly described in the SAR report to support the test results.

Dual Transfer Mode (DTM)

Class A GSM/(E)GPRS devices operate in DTM can transmit simultaneously using both circuit switched (CS) and packet switched (PS) connections defined by the DTM multi slot classes (see 3GPP TS 43.055 and TS 45.001). Mobile stations operating in DTM configurations are required to have one allocated CS time-slot for voice and additional PS slots for packet data. The total number of downlink and uplink time slots is defined by the DTM multi slot class. DTM devices may operate according to earlier GSM requirements using two transceivers or the more recent 3GPP requirements using a single transceiver to transmit CS and PS data in consecutive time-slots within the same GSM frame. Furthermore, additional DTM multi slot classes and enhanced DTM configurations have also been considered in recent and on-going revisions of the 3GPP/GSM requirements, which may require further considerations for SAR testing.

For Class A devices, the SAR evaluation must take into account the maximum CS and PS time slots defined by the DTM multi slot class for the device, with respect to head body-worn accessory and other near body operating configurations and exposure conditions. SAR may be evaluated for DTM with the device operating in DTM using one CS plus the number of PS time-slots that result in the highest source-based time-averaged maximum output or by summing the single time-slot CS and highest maximum output multi slot PS SAR.38 A communication test set with DTM support is necessary to configure the test device for SAR measurement in DTM mode. Alternatively, the single slot CS GSM/GMSK voice mode SAR for each applicable exposure condition can be added respectively to the PS (E)GPRS multi slot data-mode SAR to demonstrate SAR compliance for DTM.

General Reporting Requirements

The following information is required in the SAR report to identify the required test configurations for supporting the results.

1) Device class - A, B or C
2) Identify the GPRS/EDGE multi slot class, including the maximum number of downlink, uplink and total time slots per frame
3) For Class A devices with DTM capability, identify the DTM multi slot class and include the maximum number of downlink, uplink and total time slots per frame for DTM operations; i.e. CS and PS time-slots
4) The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, within the time-slot burst for each operating mode – GMSK/8-PSK in CS/GSM and PS/(E)GPRS configurations
5) Descriptions of the test device and communication test set configurations used in the DTM SAR measurements or procedures applied to sum DTM SAR for the required operating configurations and exposure conditions, with respect to maximum measured time-slot burst averaged conducted output power and maximum number of time slots defined by the DTM multi slot class for the device.

SAR Test Reduction

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

Additional Information

- The device supports EGPRS/GPRS Multi-slot Class 12, DTM/GPRS Multi-slot Class11 and DTM/EGPRS Multi-slot Class10.
- CMU200 base station simulator with DTM software option CMU-K44 was used to set device in DTM (CS+PD) mode for testing. However, device could not be connected in DTM 4-slots uplink.
- For each slot addition in multi-slot modes (DTM, GPRS, EDGE), there is software power reduction of ≈ 3/1/2 dB per slot respectively for GSM 850 and 2/2.5/0.5 dB per slot respectively for GSM 1900.
- For head configurations, 1 slot CS, 2/3-slots (PD) and DTM (CS+PD) were evaluated.
- For body SAR configurations, 1 slot CS, 2/3/4-slots GPRS (PD) mode were tested.
- In EDGE/GPRS mode, GMSK Modulation was used using CS1-CS4 or MCSI-MCS4.
- 8-PSK modulation or MCS5-MCS9 code scheme were avoided since maximum burst avg . power was measured lower on those modulation schemes.
- As per IEEE 1528 -2013 "both GSM and GPRS use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation; therefore, the maximum time-averaged output power with respect to the maximum number of time slots used in each mode can be used to determine the most conservative mode for SAR testing. Similarly, EGPRS (which uses GMSK and 8PSK) can be included with GSM and GPRS in this determination of the most conservative mode for SAR testing due to its innate similarities to GSM and GPRS."

1.8.3.2 UMTS/WCDMA, HSPA, HSPA+, and DC-HSDPA

WCDMA Handsets

The following procedures are applicable to 3GPP Release 99, Release 5 and Release 6 UMTS/WCDMA handsets. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the handset and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCHn), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Uplink and downlink are both configured with the same RMC and required AMR. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured respectively using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified by applying the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest *reported* SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest *reported* body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the *HSDPA body SAR* procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest *reported* SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

Handsets with Release 6 HSPA (HSDPA/HSUPA)

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the *HSPA body SAR* procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest *reported* body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSDPA data devices operating under 3GPP Release 5. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSDPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and requires an active DPCCH. The default test configuration is to measure SAR in WCDMA with HSDPA remain inactive, to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSDPA is selectively measured using the highest *reported* SAR configuration in WCDMA, with an FRC in H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCHn) according to exposure conditions, device operating capabilities and maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedures. Maximum output power is verified according to the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to Release 5 procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using an FRC with H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC set to all "1's". When HSDPA is active, output power is measured according to requirements for HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 - 4. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc.), with and without HSDPA active, are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the test device or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

SAR Measurement

When voice transmission in next to the ear head exposure conditions is applicable to a WCDMA/HSDPA data device, head SAR is measured according to the 'Head SAR' procedures in the 'WCDMA Handsets' section of this document. SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the 'Body-Worn Accessory SAR' procedures in the 'WCDMA Handsets' section. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to *HSDPA body SAR* with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, for the highest *reported* SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β c, β d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (ΔACK, ΔNACK, ΔCQI) are set according to values indicated in Table 1. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	CM (dB) (2)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 (3)	15/15 (3)	64	12/15 (3)	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.
Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Table 1.8.2.2-1: Sub-test settings for HSDPA

Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6.29 SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations with HSPA remain inactive. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest *reported* SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only.
An FRC is configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK.31 HSPA is configured according to E-DCH Sub-test 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is confirmed selectively according to exposure conditions, E-DCH UE Category and maximum output power of production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. Maximum output power is verified according to procedures in applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories for HS-DPCCH and HSPA, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC, FRC and E-DCH configurations. When E-DCH is not active, TPC is set to all "1's"; otherwise, inner loop power control with power control algorithm 2 is required to maintain E-TFCI requirements. When HSPA is active output power for the applicable HSPA modes should be measured for E-DCH Sub-test 1 - 5. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCH and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH, E-DPDCHk) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the test device or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

SAR Measurement

When voice transmission in next to the ear head exposure conditions is applicable to a WCDMA/HSPA data device, head SAR is measured according to the 'Head SAR Measurements' procedures in the 'WCDMA Handsets' section of this document. SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the 'Body-Worn Accessory SAR' procedures in the 'WCDMA Handsets' section. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to *HSPA body SAR* with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest *reported* body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG (4) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (3)	15/15 (3)	64	11/15 (3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1}: 47/15 β_{ed2}: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (4)	15/15 (4)	64	15/15 (4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 1.8.2.2-2: Sub-test for HUSPA

HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA SAR Guidance

SAR test exclusion may apply to 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA, Rel. 7 HSPA+ and Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA. When SAR measurement is required for HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements. Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PBA is required for TCB approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

1. The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
2. SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.
3. SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.
4. Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA:
    a. The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121
        i. Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.
    b. The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.
    c. The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GGPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.
5. When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

1.8.4 LTE SAR Evaluation Procedures as per KDB 941225 D05 v02r03

Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and *required test channel* combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each *required test channel*. When the *reported* SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and *required test channels* is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining *required test channels* and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the *reported* SAR of a *required test channel* is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that *required test channel*.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The same procedures required for 1 RB allocation are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest *reported* SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the *reported* SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining *required test channels* must also be tested.

Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply all the above the QPSK to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the *reported* SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 1.0 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

Additional information

• MPR has been implemented permanently by the manufacturer as per 3GPP TS36.101
• A-MPR was disabled for all SAR measurements.
• LTE Head SAR was evaluated to cover third-party VoIP applications at full power.
• According to "3GPP TS 36.521-1 V10.0.0 (2011-12)":
  •"The channel numbers that designate carrier frequencies so close to the operating band edges that the carrier extends beyond the operating band edge shall not be used. This implies that the first 7, 15, 25, 50, 75 and 100 channel numbers at the lower operating band edge and the last 6, 14, 24, 49, 74 and 99 channel numbers at the upper operating band edge shall not be used for channel bandwidths of 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz respectively."…

1.8.5 LTE Rel. 10 SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries as per KDB 941225 D05A v01r01

When LTE Rel.10 carrier aggregation is limited to downlink only; *i.e.,* there is no uplink carrier aggregation, uplink maximum output power (single carrier) is measured for the supported combinations of downlink carrier aggregation:

I) According to the frequency bands and channel bandwidths allowed for the uplink and downlink configuration combinations.
II) Uplink maximum output power is measured with downlink carrier aggregation active, using the channel with highest measured maximum output power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.2
III) When the uplink maximum output power conditions in ii) are not satisfied, a KDB inquiry is required to determine if SAR evaluation for the uplink with downlink carrier aggregation active may be necessary.

Additional information

• This BlackBerry device model supports LTE Rel. 10 Carrier Aggregation in Downlink only.

1.8.6 SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities as per KDB 941225 D06 v02r00

Standalone personal wireless routers and handsets with hotspot mode capabilities must address hand-held and other near-body exposure conditions to show SAR compliance. The following procedures are applicable when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm respectively. A test separation of 10 mm is required. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge, for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supporting hotspot mode. The standalone SAR results in each device test orientation must be analyzed for the applicable hotspot mode simultaneous transmission configurations to determine SAR test exclusion and volume scan requirements.

1.8.7 SAR Measurement Procedure for Fast SAR Scan as per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02

Fast SAR or area scan based 1-g SAR estimation can be used instead of full SAR measurements as long as the following conditions are fulfilled:

- For dipole validation the 1g SAR for the area and zoom scan must be with ±3%
- 1g Measured SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg
- The difference between the zoom and area scan 1g SAR ≤ 0.1 W/kg
- A zoom scan is required on the worst case for each configuration of a frequency band.
    - For head configuration: A zoom scan is required for **each** position with 1g SAR ≥ 0.8 and 1 additional zoom scan to cover all the remaining positions. The scan is done on the worst case for the position(s)
- Polynomial fit algorithm is utilized. Set in DASY by double clicking the area scan procedure
- Area scan is measure at a distance ≤ 4 mm from the phantom surface
- A zoom scan is not required for any other purpose
    - For simultaneous transmission the coordinates for the maxima can be found using the area scan
- DASY must not show any error, warning, or alert messages during the scan.
    - Example: noise in measurement, peak to close to the scan boundary. Peaks are too sharp, etc.
- The frequency band being tested is ≤ 3 GHz

1.9 General SAR Test Reduction and Exclusion procedure as per KDB 447498 D01 V05r02 and SAR Handsets Multi transmitters and Ant procedure as per KDB 648474 D04 v01r02

Standalone SAR test exclusion guidance:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances*

$$\left(\frac{max.power\ of\ channel, including\ tune-up\ tolerance\ (mW)}{min.test\ separation\ distance\ (mm)} \times \sqrt{\frac{f}{(GHz)}}\right) \leq 3.0$$, For 1g SAR

Where:

- $f_{(GHz)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation[17]
- If *distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

SAR test reduction considerations:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g for the mid-band or highest output power is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz

Note: Highest output channel is only tested if the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB

Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test exclusion considerations:

When the sum of 1-g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, the SAR to peak location separation ratio procedures described below may be applied to determine if simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion applies. The ratio is determined by:

$$\left([SAR1 + SAR2]^{\frac{1.5}{R_i}}\right) \leq 0.04$$

Where:

- Ri = the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair (mm)

Simultaneous Transmission SAR required:

Antenna pairs with SAR to antenna separation ratio > 0.04; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in standalone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition.

1.10 Wi-Fi and Hotspot Mode Power Reductions

Static/fixed power reduction scheme on the following modes/bands have been implemented when Hotspot Mode is enabled or active to comply with body SAR with 10 mm test separation from flat phantom on standalone transmitter and multi-band simultaneous transmission conditions:

● 802.11 a/n (low band) ≈ 1.0 dB	● LTE band 2 ≈ 1.5 dB	● UMTS band II ≈ 2.5 dB
● 802.11 a/n (upper band II) ≈ 4.0 dB	● LTE band 4 ≈ 1.0 dB	● UMTS band IV ≈ 1.5 dB

When Hotspot mode is enabled or active, 802.11a channels 52 – 140 are disabled or not supported.

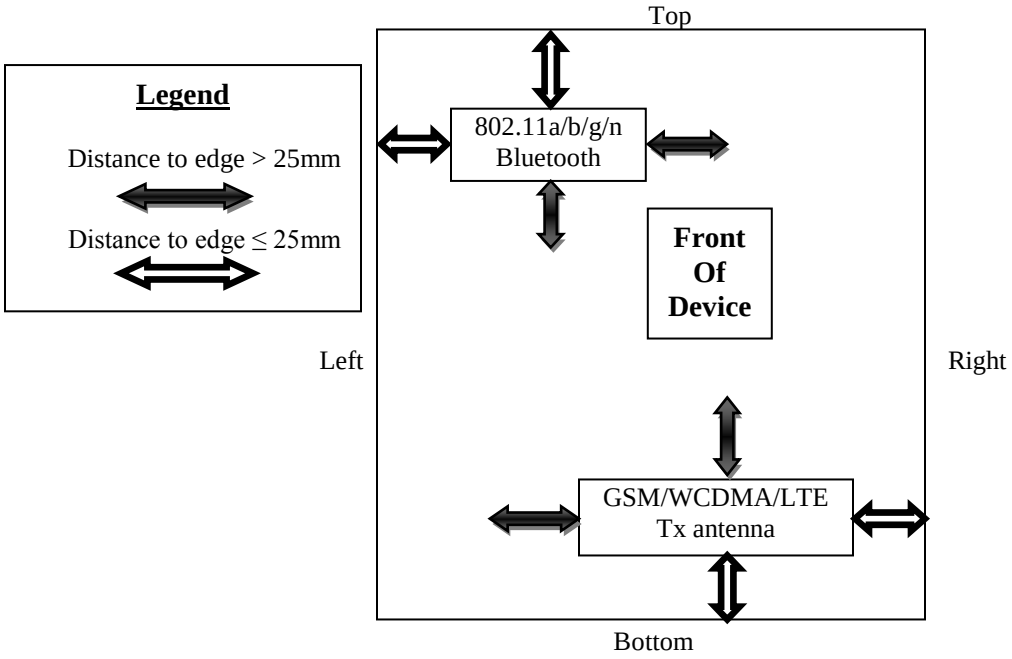

Figure 1.8.4-1 Identification of all sides for SAR Testing

Note: According to FCC guidance, Hotspot SAR testing is not required on any edge that is more than 2.5cm from the transmitting antenna.

Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	**Front**	**Back**	**Top**	**Bottom**	**Left**	**Right**
GPRS 850/1900, WCDMA/HSPA II/IV/V, LTE band 2/4/5/17	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Bluetooth 2.4GHz/802.11 a/b/g/n/ac (2.4 GHz/5.0 GHz)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

Table 1.8.4-1 Identification of all sides for SAR Testing

2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

2.1 SAR measurement system

SAR measurements were performed using a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY52), an automated SAR measurement system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY 52 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
- An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A DAE module that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC).
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector that is connected to the EOC.
- The EOC performs the conversion from an optical signal into the digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the PC plug-in card.
- The functions of the PC plug-in card based on a DSP are to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
- A computer operating Windows.
- DASY52 software version 52.8.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM Twin Phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see section 6.1).
- System validation dipoles allowing for the validation of proper functioning of the system.

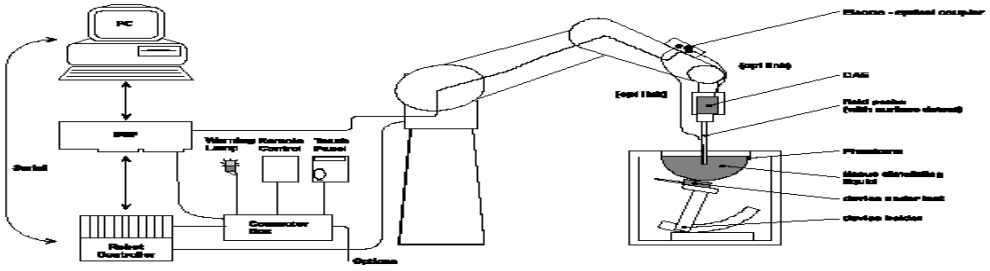

Figure 2.1-1 System Description

2.1.1 Equipment List

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date (MM/DD/YY)
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ES3DV3	3225	01/22/2015
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	EX3DV4	3592	11/10/2015
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE3)	DAE3	472	03/18/2015
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D750V2	1021	01/07/2015
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D835V2	446	01/07/2015
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d020	01/09/2015
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D1900V2	545	01/09/2015
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D2450V2	791	09/10/2015
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D5000V2	1033	11/08/2015
Agilent Technologies	Signal generator	8648C	4037U03155	09/25/2015
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	E4419B	GB40202821	09/25/2015
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	8481A	MY41095233	10/06/2015
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	8481A	MY41095417	10/06/2015
Amplifier Research	Amplifier	5S1G4M3	300986	CNR
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal generator	SMA 100A	101540	11/28/2015
Amplifier Research	Coupler	DC7144	300993	CNR
CPI Wireless Solutions	Amplifier	VZC-6961K4	SK4310E5	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Network analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	10/24/2015
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	N1911A	MY45100905	05/29/2015
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	N1921A	SG45240281	12/04/2014
Rohde & Schwarz	Wideband Base Station Simulator	CMW 500	136298	04/22/2015
Rohde & Schwarz	Wideband Base Station Simulator	CMW 500	115595	11/19/2016
Rohde & Schwarz	Base Station Simulator	CMU 200	109747	11/27/2015
Rohde & Schwarz	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	100370	11/25/2015
Weinschel Corp	20dB Attenuator	33-20-34	BMO697	CNR

Table 2.1.1-1 Equipment list

2.2 Description of the test setup

Before SAR measurements are conducted, the device and the DASY equipment are setup as follows:

2.2.1 Device and base station simulator setup

- Power up the device.
- Turn on the base station simulator and set the radio channel and power to the appropriate values.
- Connect an antenna to the RF IN/OUT of the communication test set and place it close to the device.

2.2.2 DASY setup

- Turn the computer on and log on to Windows.
- Start the DASY software by clicking on the icon located on the Windows desktop.
- Mount the DAE unit and the probe. Turn on the DAE unit.
- Turn the Robot Controller on by turning the main power switch to the horizontal position
- Align the probe by clicking the 'Align probe in light beam' button.
- Open a file and configure the proper parameters - probe, medium, communications system etc.
- Establish a connection between the Device and the communications test instrument. Place the Device on the stand and adjust it under the phantom.
- Start SAR measurements.

3.0 ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

3.1 Probe Specifications

SAR measurements were conducted using the dosimetric probes ES3DV3/ET3DV6 and EX3DV4, designed by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG for the measurement of SAR. The probe is constructed using the thin film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. It has a symmetrical design with triangular core, built-in optical fibre for the surface detection system and built-in shielding against static discharge. The probe is sensitive to E-fields and thus incorporates three small dipoles arranged so that the overall response is close to isotropic. The table below summarizes the technical data for the probe.

Property	Data
Frequency range	30 MHz – 3 GHz
Linearity	±0.1 dB
Directivity (rotation around probe axis)	≤ ±0.2 dB
Directivity (rotation normal to probe axis)	±0.4 dB
Dynamic Range	5 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe positioning repeatability	±0.2 mm
Spatial resolution	< 0.125 mm ³
Probe model EX3DV4 for 2.4 – 6 GHz	
Probe tip to sensor center	1.0 mm
Probe tip diameter is	2.5 mm
Probe calibration uncertainty	< 15 % for f = 2.45 to < 6.0 GHz
Probe calibration range	± 100 MHz

Table 3.1-1 Probe specifications

3.2 Probe calibration and measurement uncertainty

The probe had been calibrated with accuracy better than ±12%. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe were tested. The probe calibration parameters are shown on Appendix D and below:

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.28	1.91	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.05	6.05	6.05	0.49	1.38	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.24	5.24	5.24	0.69	1.23	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	4.97	4.97	4.97	0.73	1.21	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.64	4.64	4.64	0.80	1.23	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.75	1.34	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.28	6.28	6.28	0.34	1.84	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.62	1.32	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.48	1.57	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.84	4.84	4.84	0.50	1.59	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.77	1.23	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.03	4.03	4.03	0.80	1.01	± 12.0 %

Table 3.2-1 Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3225 (Cal issued: 1/22/2014)

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2600	39.0	1.96	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.36	0.93	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2600	52.5	2.16	6.84	6.84	6.84	0.78	0.62	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.06	4.06	4.06	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.78	3.78	3.78	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Table 3.2-3 Probe EX3DV4 SN: 3548 (cal: 11/10/2014)

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

4.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the system was validated using the dipole validation kit and the flat section of the SAM phantom. A power level of 1.0W was applied to the dipole antenna. The verification results are in the table below with a comparison to reference values. Printouts are shown in Appendix A. All the measured parameters are within the allowed tolerances.

At above 1.5 – 2 GHz, dipoles maintain good return loss of -15 dB to -20 dB, therefore SAR measurements are limited to approximately +/- 100 MHz of the probe/dipole calibration frequency.

4.1 System accuracy verification for head adjacent use

F (MHz)	Measured Date	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp. (°C)	Scan Type	SAR 1g/10g (W/Kg)
		Ɛr	σ [s/m]			
750	11/19/2014	42.1	0.91	22.00	Area Scan/Fast SAR	8.23/5.54
					Zoom Scan/Full SAR	8.25/5.37
	Limits:	41.9	0.89		Dipole: 1021	8.46/5.51
835	11/17/2014	41.0	0.88	22.50	Area Scan/Fast SAR	9.55/6.27
					Zoom Scan/Full SAR	9.47/6.19
	Limits:	41.5	0.90		Dipole: 446	9.39/6.13
1800	11/13/2014	38.2	1.45	22.80	Area Scan/Fast SAR	38.5/20.6
					Zoom Scan/Full SAR	37.8/19.5
	Limits:	40.0	1.40		Dipole: 545	38.5/20.3
1900	11/11/2014	38.9	1.42	22.50	Area Scan/Fast SAR	39.6/20.6
					Zoom Scan/Full SAR	39.2/20.5
	Limits:	40.0	1.40		Dipole: 545	40.2/21.1
2450	11/20/2014	38.2	1.85	22.00	Area Scan/Fast SAR	52.0/24.2
					Zoom Scan/Full SAR	51.3/23.8
	Limits:	39.2	1.80		Dipole: 791	51.6/24.0
5200	11/24/2014	35.0	4.73	22.60	Area Scan/Fast SAR	NA
					Zoom Scan/Full SAR	83.0/24.1
	Limits:	36.0	4.66		Dipole: 1033	79.4/22.6
5500	11/24/2014	34.6	5.11	22.60	Area Scan/Fast SAR	NA
					Zoom Scan/Full SAR	88.7/25.5
	Limits:	35.6	4.96		Dipole: 1033	84.4/23.9
5800	11/24/2014	33.7	5.46	22.60	Area Scan/Fast SAR	NA
					Zoom Scan/Full SAR	84.3/24.1
	Limits:	35.3	5.27		Dipole: 1033	79.4/22.6

Table 4.1-1 System accuracy (validation for head adjacent use)

5.0 PHANTOM DESCRIPTION

The SAM Twin Phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the SAR measurements. The phantom is made of a fibreglass shell integrated with a wooden table.

The SAM Twin Phantom is a fibreglass shell phantom with 2 mm shell thickness. It has three measurement areas:

Left side head
Right side head
Flat phantom

The phantom table dimensions are: 100x50x85 cm (LxWxH). The table is intended for use with freestanding robots.

The bottom shelf contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder in place. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different solutions).

A white cover is provided to top the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible; however the optical surface detector does not work properly at the cover surface. Place a sheet of white paper on the cover when using optical surface detection.

Liquid depth of ≥ 15 cm is maintained in the phantom for all the measurements.

Figure 5.0-1 SAM Twin Phantom

6.0 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES

6.1 Composition of tissue simulant

The composition of the brain and muscle simulating liquids are shown in the table below.

INGREDIENT	MIXTURE 800–900MHz		MIXTURE 1800–1900MHz		MIXTURE 2450 MHz		MIXTURE 5 – 6 GHz	
	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %
Water	40.29	65.45	55.24	69.91	55.0	68.75	64	64-78
Sugar	57.90	34.31	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salt	1.38	0.62	0.31	0.13	0	0	0	0
HEC	0.24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	0
DGBE	0	0	44.45	29.96	40.0	31.25	0	0
Triton X-100	0	0	0	0	5.0	0	0	0
Additives and Salt	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2-3
Emulsifiers	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	9-15
Mineral Oil	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	11-18

Table 6.1-1 Tissue simulant recipe

6.1.1 Equipment

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date (MM/DD/YY)
Pyrex, England	Graduated Cylinder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pyrex, USA	Beaker	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acculab	Weight Scale	V1-1200	018WB2003	N/A
IKA Works Inc.	Hot Plate	RC Basic	3.107433	N/A
Dell	PC using GPIB card	GX110	347	N/A
Agilent Technologies	Dielectric probe kit	HP 85070C	US9936135	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Network Analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	10/24/2015
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	23609-234	21352860	09/22/2015
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	15-077-21	51129471	06/11/2015

Table 6.1.1-1 Tissue simulant preparation equipment

Note 1: "*" equipment was sent out for calibration before it's due date.

6.1.2 Preparation procedure

800-900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with **water**. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **Cellulose,** the **preservative substance** and the **salt**. After several hours, the liquid will become more transparent again. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Add **Sugar**. Stir it well until the sugar is sufficiently dissolved.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

1800-2450 MHz liquid

- Fill the container with water and place it on hotplate. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the salt, Glycol/Triton X-100. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Keep the liquid hot enough to dissolve sugar for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

6.2 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

The tissue dielectric parameters shall be measured before a batch can be used for SAR measurements to ensure that the simulated tissue was properly made and will simulate the desired human characteristic. Limits and measured electrical parameters are shown in the table below.
Recommended limits are adopted from IEEE P1528-2003:
“ Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, DASY manual and from FCC Tissue Dielectric Properties web page at http://www.fcc.gov/fcc-bin/dielec.sh

Band (MHZ)	Tissue Type	Measured Date	F (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp. (°C)
				Ɛr	σ [s/m]	
750	Head	11/19/2014	705	42.78	0.87	22
			715	42.64	0.88	
			750	42.12	0.91	
		Limits:	750	41.90	0.89	
	Muscle	11/19/20014	705	54.75	0.92	22
			715	54.65	0.93	
			750	54.26	0.96	
		Limits:	750	55.50	0.96	
835	Head	11/17/2014	815	41.22	0.86	22.5
			825	41.09	0.87	
			835	40.98	0.88	
			850	40.80	0.89	
			865	40.61	0.91	
		Limits:	835	41.50	0.90	
	Muscle	11/17/2014	815	53.20	0.94	22.5
			825	53.11	0.96	
			835	43.06	0.97	
			850	52.96	0.98	
		Limits:	835	55.20	0.97	
1800	Head	11/13/2014	1710	38.56	1.36	22.8
			1750	38.42	1.40	
			1800	38.21	1.45	
		Limits:	1800	40.00	1.40	
	Muscle	11/13/2014	1710	50.89	1.50	22.8
			1750	50.76	1.53	
			1800	50.66	1.59	
		Limits:	1800	53.30	1.52	
1900	Head	11/11/2014	1850	39.13	1.37	22.5
			1900	38.86	1.42	
			1910	38.84	1.43	
			1980	38.51	1.50	
		Limits:	1900	40.00	1.40	
	Muscle	11/11/2014	1850	52.33	1.52	22.5
			1900	52.11	1.58	
			1910	52.09	1.59	
		Limits:	1900	53.30	1.52	

2450	Head	11/20/2014	2410	38.35	1.81	22
			2450	38.23	1.85	
			2480	38.15	1.89	
		Limits:	2450	39.2	1.80	
	Muscle	11/20/2014	2410	52.96	1.96	21.6
			2450	52.82	2.00	
			2480	52.72	2.04	
		Limits:	2450	52.7	1.95	
5200	Head	11/24/2014	5180	35.03	4.7	22.6
			5200	35.01	4.73	
			5280	34.84	4.81	
		Limits:	5200	36.0	4.66	
	Muscle	11/24/2014	5180	46.28	5.57	22.5
			5200	46.25	5.6	
			5280	46.07	5.7	
		Limits:	5200	49.0	5.30	
5500	Head	11/24/2014	5500	34.60	5.11	22.6
			5600	34.39	5.23	
		Limits:	5500	35.6	4.96	
	Muscle	11/24/2014	5500	46.12	5.98	22.5
			5600	45.93	6.12	
		Limits:	5500	48.6	5.65	
5800	Head	11/24/2014	5745	33.8	5.4	22.6
			5800	33.71	5.46	
		Limits:	5800	35.3	5.27	
	Muscle	11/24/2014	5745	45.29	6.38	22.5
			5800	45.19	6.47	
		Limits:	5800	48.2	6.00	

Table 6.2-1 Electrical parameters of tissue simulating liquid

6.2.2 Test Configuration

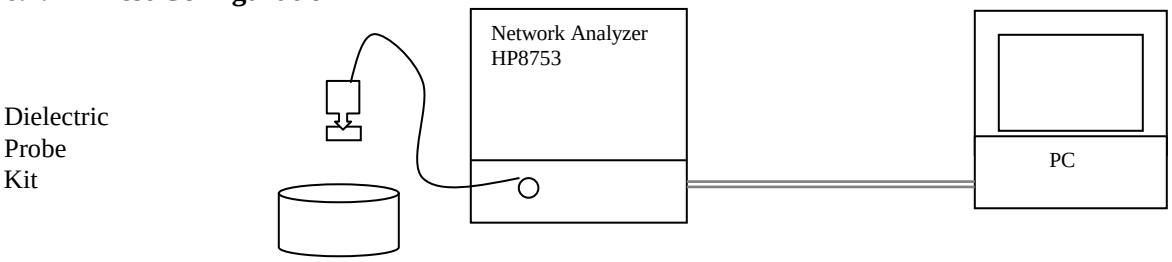

Figure 6.2.2-1 Test configuration

6.2.3 Procedure

1. Turn NWA on and allow at least 30 minutes for warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to NWA will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature (±1°).
4. Set water temperature in HP-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Relative permittivity $\varepsilon r = \varepsilon'$ and conductivity can be calculated from ε'' ($\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon''$)
7. Measure liquid shortly after calibration.
8. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
9. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
10. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
11. Perform measurements.
12. Adjust medium parameters in DASY software for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Head 835 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
13. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 835 MHz).

7.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

Standards/Guideline	Localized SAR Limit (W/kg) General public (uncontrolled)	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) Workers (controlled)
ICNIRP Standard	2.0 (10g)	10.0 (10g)
IEEE C95.1 Standard	1.6 (1g)	8.0 (1g)

Table 7.0-1 SAR safety limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled environment

Human Exposure	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 10g, ICNIRP Standard	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 1g, IEEE C95.1 Standard
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.08
Spatial Peak (averaged over any X g of tissue)	2.00	1.60
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.00	4.00 (10g)

Table 7.0-2 SAR safety limits

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

8.0 DEVICE POSITIONING

8.1 Device holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The Device was positioned for all test configurations using the DASY5 holder. The device holder facilitates the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and with repeatability positioned according to FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

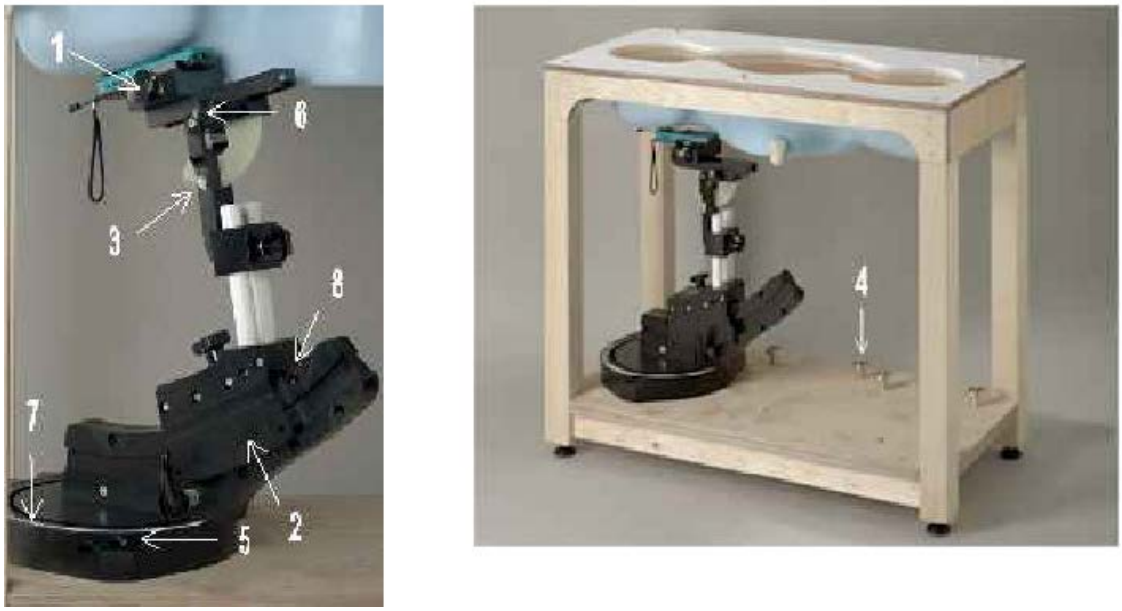

Figure 8.1-1 Device Holder

1. Put the phone in the clamp mechanism (1) and hold it straight while tightening. (Curved phones or phones with asymmetrical ear pieces should be positioned so that the earpiece is in the symmetry plane of the clamp).
2. Adjust the sliding carriage (2) to 90°. Then adjust the phone holder angle (3) until the reference line of the phone is horizontal (parallel to the flat phantom bottom). The phone reference line is defined as the front tangential line between the earpiece and the center of the device bottom (or the center of the flip hinge). For devices with parallel front and backsides, the phone holder angle (3) is 0°.
3. Place the device holder at the desired phantom section and move it securely against the positioning pins (4). The screw in front of the turning plate can be applied for correct positioning (5). (Do not tighten it too strongly).
4. Shift the phone clamp (6) so that the earpiece is exactly below the ear marking of the phantom. The phone is now correctly positioned in the holder for all standard phantom measurements, even after changing the phantom or phantom section.
5. Adjust the device position angles to the desired measurement position.
6. After fixing the device angles, move the phone fixture up until the phone touches the ear marking. (The point of contact depends on the design of the device and the positioning angle).

8.2 Description of the test positioning

8.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

The handset was tested in two test positions against the head phantom, the "cheek" position and the "tilted" position, on both left and right sides of the phantom.

The handset was tested in the above positions according to IEEE 1528- 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".

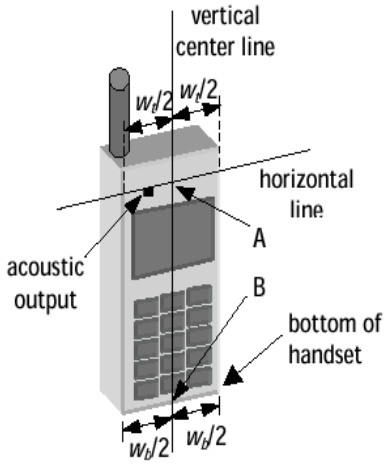

Figure 8.2.1-1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – fixed case

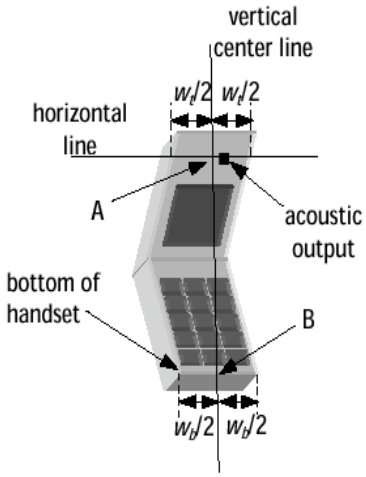

Figure 8.2.1-2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – "clam-shell"

Definition of the "cheek" position

1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover.
2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width *wt* of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 8.2.1-1 and 8.2.1-2), and the midpoint of the width *wb* of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 8.2.1-1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 8.2.1-2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.
3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 8.2.1-3), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal center line is in a plane approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.
5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is the plane normal to MB ("*mouth-back*") - NF ("*neck-front*") including the line MB (reference plane).
6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek).

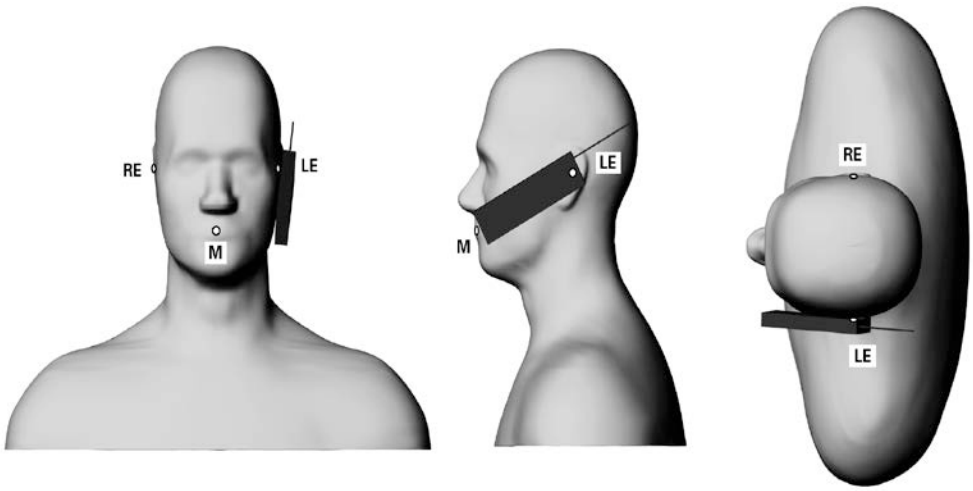

Figure 8.2.1-3 Phone position 1, "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

Definition of the "Tilted" Position

1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 from above.
2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane (described above) and pivoting against the ear, move the device outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees, or until the antenna touches the phantom**.**

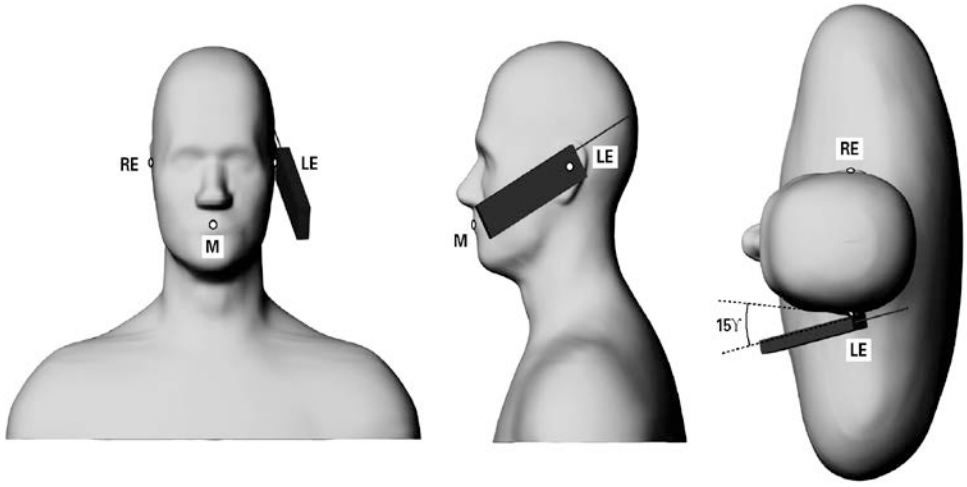

Figure 8.2.1-4 Phone position 2, "tilted position." The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

8.2.2 Body-worn Configuration

Body-worn configurations, as shown in appendix E, have been tested with the device for RF exposure compliance. The device was tested with a holster and/or a minimum separation distance. The device was tested with 15 mm BLACKBERRY recommended separation distance to allow typical after-market holster to be used. For holster testing the holster case and the belt clip was placed against the flat section of the phantom. A headset was then connected to the device to simulate hands-free operation in a body worn holster configuration. BLACKBERRY body-worn holsters with belt-clip have been designed to maintain ~ 19-20 mm separation distance from body.

8.2.3 Limb/Hand Configuration

BlackBerry device is not a limb-worn device and hasn't been tested for such a configuration.

As per Clause 6.1.4.9 in the IEC/EN 62209-2 standard:

"Additional studies remain needed for devising a representative method for evaluating SAR in the hand of hand-held devices. Future versions of this standard are intended to contain a test method based on scientific data and rationale. Annex J presents the currently available test procedure."

Clause J.2 of the IEC/EN 62209-2 states that testing for compliance for the exposure of the hand is not applicable for devices that are intended to being hand-held to enable use at the ear (see EN 62209-1) or worn on the body when transmitting.

In addition, BlackBerry device is not intended to be held in hand at a distance of larger than 200 mm from the head and body during normal use.

9.0 HIGH LEVEL EVALUATION

9.1 Maximum search

The maximum search is automatically performed after each coarse scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations.

9.2 Extrapolation

The extrapolation can be used in z-axis scans with automatic surface detection. The SAR values can be extrapolated to the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is the sum of the probe sensor offset, the surface detection distance and the grid offset. The extrapolation is based on fourth order polynomial functions. The extrapolation is only available for SAR values.

9.3 Boundary correction

The correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is done in the standard (worst case) evaluation; the boundary effect is reduced by different weights for the lowest measured points in the extrapolation routine. The result is a slight overestimation of the extrapolated SAR values (2% to 8%) depending on the SAR distribution and gradient. The advanced evaluation makes a full compensation of the boundary effect before doing the extrapolation. This is only possible for probes with specifications on the boundary effect.

9.4 Peak search for 1g and 10g cube averaged SAR

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 5x5x7 / 7x7x9 scan. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.
The measured volume of 30x30x30mm / 22x22x22 with 7.5 / 5 / 4.0 mm resolution in (x,y) and 5mm / 2.mm resolution in z axis amounts to 175 / 693 measurement points. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10 g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

10.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget
(0.3 - 3 GHz range)

Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) 1g	(c_i) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(v_i) v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response[m]	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling[P]	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)[DAK]	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) [DAK]	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity [BB]	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity [BB]	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						**±22.3%**	**±22.2%**	

Table 10.0-1 Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE P1528-2013. Source: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

[1] The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.

Relative DASY5 Uncertainty Budget for Fast SAR Tests
(0.3 - 3 GHz range)

Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) 1g	(c_i) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(v_i) v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	0	0			
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	0	0			
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0			
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0			
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Spatial x-y-Resolution	±10.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±5.8%	±5.8%	∞
Fast SAR z-Approximation	±7.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±4.0%	±4.0%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0			
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0			
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0			
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0			
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0			
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0			
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.4%	±11.4%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						**±22.7%**	**±22.7%**	

Table 10.0-2 Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE P1528-2013
Source: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget
(3 - 6 GHz range)

Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c_i) 1g	(c_i) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(v_i) v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response[m]	±2.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Power Scaling[p]	±0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.8 %	±3.8 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1 %	±0.9 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)[DAK]	±2.5 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1 %	±1.0 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) [DAK]	±2.5 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3 %	±0.4 %	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity [BB]	±3.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity [BB]	±0.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.3 %	±12.2 %	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						**±24.6 %**	**±24.5 %**	

Table 10.0-3 Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY52 assessed according to IEEE P1528-2013. Source: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

11.0 TEST RESULTS

11.1 Conducted power results at maximum transmit power

GSM/EDGE/GPRS/DTM maximum power in normal and Hotspot mode						
Mode	**Freq. (MHz)**	**Channel**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm) CS1**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm) MCS1**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm) MCS5**	
1-slot GPRS/EDGE 850 MHz	824.2	128	33.0			
	836.8	190	33.1			
	848.8	251	33.1			
2-slots GPRS 850 MHz	824.2	128	29.8			
	836.8	190	29.6			
	848.8	251	29.6			
3-slots GPRS 850 MHz	824.2	128	28.6			
	836.8	190	28.4			
	848.8	251	28.4			
4-slots GPRS 850 MHz	824.2	128	26.3			
	836.8	190	26.2			
	848.8	251	26.1			
2-slots EDGE 850 MHz	824.2	128	29.7	29.7	24.6	
	836.8	190	29.6	29.6	24.5	
	848.8	251	29.6	29.6	24.5	
2-slots DTM 850 MHz	824.2	128	29.7	29.7	29.7	
	836.8	190	29.5	29.6	29.5	
	848.8	251	29.6	29.6	29.6	
3-slots EDGE 850 MHz	824.2	128	28.6	28.6	23.5	
	836.8	190	28.4	28.4	23.4	
	848.8	251	28.4	28.3	23.3	
3-slots DTM 850 MHz	824.2	128	28.6	28.5	28.5	28.3
	836.8	190	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.1
	848.8	251	28.3	28.4	28.3	28.1
4-slots EDGE 850 MHz	824.2	128	26.2	26.2	22.3	
	836.8	190	26.2	26.1	22.2	
	848.8	251	26.1	26.0	22.1	
1-slot GPRS/EDGE 1900 MHz	1850.2	512	30.3			
	1880.0	661	30.3			
	1909.8	810	30.1			
2-slots GPRS 1900 MHz	1850.2	512	28.2			
	1880.0	661	28.2			
	1909.8	810	28.1			
3-slots GPRS 1900 MHz	1850.2	512	25.5			
	1880.0	661	25.4			
	1909.8	810	25.3			

4-slots GPRS 1900 MHz	1850.2	512	24.8		
	1880.0	661	24.8		
	1909.8	810	24.7		
2-slots EDGE 1900MHz	1850.2	512	28.2	28.2	23.5
	1880.0	661	28.2	28.2	23.5
	1909.8	810	28.1	28.1	23.5
2-slots DTM 1900MHz	1850.2	512	28.2	28.2	28.1
	1880.0	661	28.2	28.2	28.1
	1909.8	810	28.1	28.1	28.0
3-slots EDGE 1900MHz	1850.2	512	25.4	25.5	22.3
	1880.0	661	25.5	25.4	22.3
	1909.8	810	25.3	25.3	22.3
3-slots DTM 1900MHz	1850.2	512	25.4	25.4	25.4
	1880.0	661	25.4	25.4	25.4
	1909.8	810	25.2	25.3	25.2
4-slots EDGE 1900MHz	1850.2	512	24.7	24.7	21.2
	1880.0	661	24.8	24.8	21.2
	1909.8	810	24.7	24.8	21.1

Mode	**Freq. (MHz)**	**Channel**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**
1-slot GSM (CS) 850 MHz	824.2	128	32.9
	836.8	190	33.0
	848.8	251	33.1
1-slot GSM (CS) 1900 MHz	1850.2	512	30.3
	1880.0	661	30.2
	1909.8	810	30.1

Table 11.1-1a GSM/EDGE/GPRS/DTM conducted power measurements for normal mode

Calculation Of Time Based Average Power Per Slot 850 MHz					
Mode	**Freq. (MHz)**	**Channel**	**Slot max average power (measured) (dBm) CS1**	**# of slots**	**Time based max average power (calculated) (dBm) CS1**
1-slot	824.2	128	33.0	1	24.0
GPRS/EDGE	836.8	190	33.1	1	24.1
850 MHz	848.8	251	33.1	1	24.1
2-slots	824.2	128	29.8	2	23.8
GPRS	836.8	190	29.6	2	23.6
850 MHz	848.8	251	29.6	2	23.6
3-slots	824.2	128	28.6	3	**24.3**
GPRS	836.8	190	28.4	3	24.1
850 MHz	848.8	251	28.4	3	24.1
4-slots	824.2	128	26.3	4	23.3
GPRS	836.8	190	26.2	4	23.2
850 MHz	848.8	251	26.1	4	23.1
2-slots	824.2	128	29.7	2	23.7
EDGE	836.8	190	29.6	2	23.6
850 MHz	848.8	251	29.6	2	23.6
2-slots	824.2	128	29.7	2	23.7
DTM	836.8	190	29.5	2	23.5
850 MHz	848.8	251	29.6	2	23.6
3-slots	824.2	128	28.6	3	**24.3**
EDGE	836.8	190	28.4	3	24.1
850 MHz	848.8	251	28.4	3	24.1
3-slots	824.2	128	28.6	3	**24.3**
DTM	836.8	190	28.4	3	24.1
850 MHz	848.8	251	28.3	3	24.0
4-slots	824.2	128	26.2	4	23.2
EDGE	836.8	190	26.2	4	23.2
850 MHz	848.8	251	26.1	4	23.1
1-slot	824.2	128	32.9	1	23.9
GSM (CS)	836.8	190	33.0	1	24.0
850 MHz	848.8	251	33.1	1	24.1

11.1-1b GSM/EDGE/GPRS/DTM 850 calculation of time based average power per slot

Note: As per IEEE 1528 -2013 "both GSM and GPRS use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation; therefore, the maximum time-averaged output power with respect to the maximum number of time slots used in each mode can be used to determine the most conservative mode for SAR testing. Similarly, EGPRS (which uses GMSK and 8PSK) can be included with GSM and GPRS in this determination of the most conservative mode for SAR testing due to its innate similarities to GSM and GPRS."

Calculation Of Time Based Average Power Per Slot 1900MHz					
Mode	**Freq. (MHz)**	**Channel**	**Slot max average power (measured) (dBm) CS1**	**# of slots**	**Time based max average power (calculated) (dBm) CS1**
1-slot	1850.2	512	30.3	1	21.3
GPRS/EDGE	1880.0	661	30.3	1	21.3
1900 MHz	1909.8	810	30.1	1	21.1
2-slots	1850.2	512	28.2	2	**22.2**
GPRS	1880.0	661	28.2	2	**22.2**
1900 MHz	1909.8	810	28.1	2	22.1
3-slots	1850.2	512	25.5	3	21.2
GPRS	1880.0	661	25.4	3	21.1
1900 MHz	1909.8	810	25.3	3	21.0
4-slots	1850.2	512	24.8	4	21.8
GPRS	1880.0	661	24.8	4	21.8
1900 MHz	1909.8	810	24.7	4	21.7
2-slots	1850.2	512	28.2	2	**22.2**
EDGE	1880.0	661	28.2	2	**22.2**
1900MHz	1909.8	810	28.1	2	22.1
2-slots	1850.2	512	28.2	2	**22.2**
DTM	1880.0	661	28.2	2	**22.2**
1900MHz	1909.8	810	28.1	2	22.1
3-slots	1850.2	512	25.4	3	21.1
EDGE	1880.0	661	25.5	3	21.2
1900MHz	1909.8	810	25.3	3	21.0
3-slots	1850.2	512	25.4	3	21.1
DTM	1880.0	661	25.4	3	21.1
1900MHz	1909.8	810	25.2	3	20.9
4-slots	1850.2	512	24.7	4	21.7
EDGE	1880.0	661	24.8	4	21.8
1900MHz	1909.8	810	24.7	4	21.7
1-slot	1850.2	512	30.3	1	21.3
GSM (CS)	1880.0	661	30.2	1	21.2
1900 MHz	1909.8	810	30.1	1	21.1

11.1-1c GSM/EDGE/GPRS/DTM 1900 calculation of time based average power per slot

Note: As per IEEE 1528 -2013 “both GSM and GPRS use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation; therefore, the maximum time-averaged output power with respect to the maximum number of time slots used in each mode can be used to determine the most conservative mode for SAR testing. Similarly, EGPRS (which uses GMSK and 8PSK) can be included with GSM and GPRS in this determination of the most conservative mode for SAR testing due to its innate similarities to GSM and GPRS.”

WCDMA maximum power in normal mode measured on model RGY181LW				
	Band	**FDD V (850)**		
	Freq (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6
	Channel	4132	4182	4233
Mode	**Subtest**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	24.34	24.36	24.31
Rel99	12.2kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4 kbps	24.40	24.36	24.30
HSUPA	1	23.38	23.32	22.99
HSUPA	2	22.44	22.42	22.38
HSUPA	3	21.97	22.01	21.97
HSUPA	4	22.92	22.87	22.86
HSUPA	5	22.54	23.22	22.96
HSDPA+	1	23.40	23.47	23.33
HSDPA+	2	23.42	23.44	23.30
HSDPA+	3	23.00	22.95	22.81
HSDPA+	4	23.01	22.95	22.87
DC-HSDPA	1	23.02	23.03	23.24
DC-HSDPA	2	23.03	23.12	23.24
DC-HSDPA	3	22.64	22.64	22.84
DC-HSDPA	4	22.64	22.66	22.77
	Band	**FDD IV (1700)**		
	Freq (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
	Channel	1312	1413	1513
Mode	**Subtest**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	24.02	24.26	24.25
Rel99	12.2 kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4 kbps	24.04	24.24	24.25
HSUPA	1	23.11	22.94	22.65
HSUPA	2	22.05	22.26	22.32
HSUPA	3	21.94	21.58	21.80
HSUPA	4	22.54	22.76	22.83
HSUPA	5	22.55	22.45	22.38
HSDPA+	1	23.10	23.38	23.36
HSDPA+	2	23.12	23.31	23.39
HSDPA+	3	22.60	22.86	22.89
HSDPA+	4	22.61	22.83	22.90
DC-HSDPA	1	22.71	23.05	22.84
DC-HSDPA	2	22.61	22.99	23.00
DC-HSDPA	3	22.26	22.71	22.57
DC-HSDPA	4	22.30	22.63	22.58

	Band	FDD II (1900)		
	Freq (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
	Channel	9262	9400	9538
Mode	Subtest	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	24.24	24.28	24.06
Rel99	12.2 kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4 kbps	24.26	24.28	24.02
HSUPA	1	23.08	23.21	22.78
HSUPA	2	22.31	22.45	22.25
HSUPA	3	22.34	21.94	21.77
HSUPA	4	22.75	22.90	22.66
HSUPA	5	23.11	23.01	22.74
HSDPA+	1	23.44	23.42	23.17
HSDPA+	2	23.47	23.43	23.23
HSDPA+	3	22.95	22.96	22.77
HSDPA+	4	22.87	22.96	22.76
DC-HSDPA	1	23.22	22.92	22.97
DC-HSDPA	2	23.26	23.05	22.92
DC-HSDPA	3	22.62	22.45	22.45
DC-HSDPA	4	22.63	22.43	22.41

Table 11.1-2a WCDMA (Rel99) / HSPA/HSPA+ conducted power measurements for normal mode performed on model RGY181LW

Note: According to the hardware similarity document BlackBerry models RGV161LW and RGY181LW share the same conducted RF circuitry and power level. Due to this conducted power for normal mode on RGV161LW was only spot checked based on the full measured results performed on RGY181LW.

WCDMA maximum power in normal mode verified on model RGV161LW				
	Band	**FDD V (850)**		
	Freq. (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6
	Channel	4132	4182	4233
Mode	**Subtest**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	24.20	24.26	24.33
Rel99	12.2kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4kbps	24.21	24.26	24.29
	Band	**FDD IV (1700)**		
	Freq. (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
	Channel	1312	1413	1513
Mode	**Subtest**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	23.53	23.89	23.96
Rel99	12.2kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4kbps	23.52	23.86	23.94
	Band	**FDD II (1900)**		
	Freq. (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
	Channel	9262	9400	9538
Mode	**Subtest**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	23.76	23.87	23.89
Rel99	12.2kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4kbps	23.67	23.87	23.81

Table 11.1-2b WCDMA (Rel99) / HSPA/HSPA+ conducted power measurements for normal mode performed on model RGV161LW

Note: According to the hardware similarity document BlackBerry models RGV161LW and RGY181LW share the same conducted RF circuitry and power level. Due to this conducted power for normal mode on RGV161LW was only spot checked based on the full measured results performed on RGY181LW.

WCDMA maximum power in Hotspot mode measured on model RGV161LW				
	Band	**FDD IV (1700)**		
	Freq. (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
	Channel	1312	1413	1513
Mode	**Subtest**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	21.90	22.13	22.20
Rel99	12.2kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4kbps	21.90	22.15	22.22
	Band	**FDD II (1900)**		
	Freq. (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
	Channel	9262	9400	9538
Mode	**Subtest**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	21.00	21.16	21.05
Rel99	12.2kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4kbps	21.00	21.11	21.00

Table 11.1-2c WCDMA (Rel99) / HSPA/HSPA+ conducted power measurements for Hotspot mode performed on model RGV161LW

LTE band 2 maximum power in normal mode						
Band	BW (MHz)	Mod.	Channel	RB	Offset	Max. avg. conducted power (dBm)
2	20	QPSK	18700	1	LOW	23.60
2	20	QPSK	18700	1	MID	23.55
2	20	QPSK	18700	1	HIGH	23.54
2	20	QPSK	18700	50	LOW	22.68
2	20	QPSK	18700	50	HIGH	22.55
2	20	QPSK	18700	100	LOW	22.58
2	20	Q16	18700	1	LOW	22.56
2	20	Q16	18700	1	MID	22.54
2	20	Q16	18700	1	HIGH	22.52
2	20	Q16	18700	75	LOW	21.67
2	20	Q16	18700	75	HIGH	21.73
2	20	Q16	18700	100	LOW	21.68
2	20	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	23.67
2	20	QPSK	18900	1	MID	23.66
2	20	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	23.66
2	20	QPSK	18900	50	LOW	22.53
2	20	QPSK	18900	50	HIGH	22.58
2	20	QPSK	18900	100	LOW	22.56
2	20	Q16	18900	1	LOW	23.07
2	20	Q16	18900	1	MID	23.07
2	20	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	23.03
2	20	Q16	18900	75	LOW	21.64
2	20	Q16	18900	75	HIGH	21.64
2	20	Q16	18900	100	LOW	21.67
2	20	QPSK	19100	1	LOW	23.59
2	20	QPSK	19100	1	MID	23.60
2	20	QPSK	19100	1	HIGH	**23.79**
2	20	QPSK	19100	50	LOW	**22.71**
2	20	QPSK	19100	50	HIGH	22.63
2	20	QPSK	19100	100	LOW	**22.65**
2	20	Q16	19100	1	LOW	22.61
2	20	Q16	19100	1	MID	22.58
2	20	Q16	19100	1	HIGH	22.78
2	20	Q16	19100	75	LOW	21.76
2	20	Q16	19100	75	HIGH	21.74
2	20	Q16	19100	100	LOW	21.69
2	15	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	23.47

2	15	QPSK	18900	1	MID	23.52
2	15	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	23.53
2	15	QPSK	18900	36	LOW	22.56
2	15	QPSK	18900	36	HIGH	22.62
2	15	QPSK	18900	75	LOW	22.68
2	15	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.82
2	15	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.91
2	15	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.88
2	15	Q16	18900	16	LOW	22.51
2	15	Q16	18900	16	HIGH	22.51
2	15	Q16	18900	75	LOW	21.72
2	10	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	23.49
2	10	QPSK	18900	1	MID	23.55
2	10	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	23.45
2	10	QPSK	18900	25	LOW	22.57
2	10	QPSK	18900	25	HIGH	22.65
2	10	QPSK	18900	50	LOW	22.65
2	10	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.85
2	10	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.87
2	10	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.81
2	10	Q16	18900	30	LOW	21.51
2	10	Q16	18900	30	HIGH	21.57
2	10	Q16	18900	50	LOW	21.59
2	5	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	23.53
2	5	QPSK	18900	1	MID	23.59
2	5	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	23.53
2	5	QPSK	18900	10	LOW	22.52
2	5	QPSK	18900	10	HIGH	22.56
2	5	QPSK	18900	25	LOW	22.62
2	5	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.46
2	5	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.50
2	5	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.47
2	5	Q16	18900	8	LOW	22.66
2	5	Q16	18900	8	HIGH	22.71
2	5	Q16	18900	25	LOW	21.70
2	3	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	23.56
2	3	QPSK	18900	1	MID	23.56
2	3	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	23.57
2	3	QPSK	18900	6	LOW	22.61
2	3	QPSK	18900	6	HIGH	22.57
2	3	QPSK	18900	15	LOW	22.60
2	3	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.90

2	3	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.89
2	3	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.92
2	3	Q16	18900	4	LOW	22.78
2	3	Q16	18900	4	HIGH	22.79
2	3	Q16	18900	15	LOW	21.67
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	23.59
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	1	MID	23.54
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	23.60
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	3	LOW	23.71
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	3	HIGH	23.66
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	6	LOW	22.66
2	1.4	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.71
2	1.4	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.66
2	1.4	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.70
2	1.4	Q16	18900	5	LOW	22.58
2	1.4	Q16	18900	5	HIGH	22.54
2	1.4	Q16	18900	6	LOW	21.59

Table 11.1-3a LTE band 2 conducted power measurements for normal mode

LTE band 2 maximum power in Hotspot mode						
Band	**BW (MHz)**	**Mod.**	**Channel**	**RB**	**Offset**	**Max. avg. conducted power (dBm)**
2	20	QPSK	18700	1	LOW	22.13
2	20	QPSK	18700	1	MID	22.13
2	20	QPSK	18700	1	HIGH	22.09
2	20	QPSK	18700	50	LOW	22.17
2	20	QPSK	18700	50	HIGH	22.13
2	20	QPSK	18700	100	LOW	22.17
2	20	Q16	18700	1	LOW	22.19
2	20	Q16	18700	1	MID	22.15
2	20	Q16	18700	1	HIGH	22.16
2	20	Q16	18700	75	LOW	21.68
2	20	Q16	18700	75	HIGH	21.73
2	20	Q16	18700	100	LOW	21.69
2	20	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	22.06
2	20	QPSK	18900	1	MID	22.06
2	20	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	22.05
2	20	QPSK	18900	50	LOW	22.07
2	20	QPSK	18900	50	HIGH	22.09
2	20	QPSK	18900	100	LOW	22.09

2	20	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.00
2	20	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.02
2	20	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.02
2	20	Q16	18900	75	LOW	21.67
2	20	Q16	18900	75	HIGH	21.67
2	20	Q16	18900	100	LOW	21.58
2	20	QPSK	19100	1	LOW	22.14
2	20	QPSK	19100	1	MID	22.11
2	20	QPSK	19100	1	HIGH	**22.29**
2	20	QPSK	19100	50	LOW	**22.19**
2	20	QPSK	19100	50	HIGH	22.13
2	20	QPSK	19100	100	LOW	**22.17**
2	20	Q16	19100	1	LOW	22.56
2	20	Q16	19100	1	MID	22.53
2	20	Q16	19100	1	HIGH	22.72
2	20	Q16	19100	75	LOW	21.70
2	20	Q16	19100	75	HIGH	21.75
2	20	Q16	19100	100	LOW	21.71
2	15	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	21.97
2	15	QPSK	18900	1	MID	22.05
2	15	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	21.97
2	15	QPSK	18900	36	LOW	22.08
2	15	QPSK	18900	36	HIGH	22.17
2	15	QPSK	18900	75	LOW	22.20
2	15	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.35
2	15	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.44
2	15	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.39
2	15	Q16	18900	16	LOW	22.03
2	15	Q16	18900	16	HIGH	22.04
2	15	Q16	18900	75	LOW	21.65
2	10	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	21.99
2	10	QPSK	18900	1	MID	22.03
2	10	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	21.97
2	10	QPSK	18900	25	LOW	22.11
2	10	QPSK	18900	25	HIGH	22.15
2	10	QPSK	18900	50	LOW	22.11
2	10	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.35
2	10	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.40
2	10	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.36
2	10	Q16	18900	30	LOW	21.54
2	10	Q16	18900	30	HIGH	21.59
2	10	Q16	18900	50	LOW	21.61

2	5	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	22.04
2	5	QPSK	18900	1	MID	22.06
2	5	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	21.98
2	5	QPSK	18900	10	LOW	22.06
2	5	QPSK	18900	10	HIGH	22.09
2	5	QPSK	18900	25	LOW	22.15
2	5	Q16	18900	1	LOW	21.95
2	5	Q16	18900	1	MID	21.98
2	5	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	21.96
2	5	Q16	18900	8	LOW	22.21
2	5	Q16	18900	8	HIGH	22.25
2	5	Q16	18900	25	LOW	21.71
2	3	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	22.06
2	3	QPSK	18900	1	MID	22.05
2	3	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	22.03
2	3	QPSK	18900	6	LOW	22.11
2	3	QPSK	18900	6	HIGH	22.11
2	3	QPSK	18900	15	LOW	22.14
2	3	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.42
2	3	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.38
2	3	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.44
2	3	Q16	18900	4	LOW	22.29
2	3	Q16	18900	4	HIGH	22.28
2	3	Q16	18900	15	LOW	21.71
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	1	LOW	22.11
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	1	MID	22.02
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	1	HIGH	22.12
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	3	LOW	22.15
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	3	HIGH	22.16
2	1.4	QPSK	18900	6	LOW	22.17
2	1.4	Q16	18900	1	LOW	22.25
2	1.4	Q16	18900	1	MID	22.17
2	1.4	Q16	18900	1	HIGH	22.24
2	1.4	Q16	18900	5	LOW	22.05
2	1.4	Q16	18900	5	HIGH	22.05
2	1.4	Q16	18900	6	LOW	21.63

Table 11.1-3b LTE band 2 conducted power measurements for Hotspot mode

LTE band 4 maximum power in normal mode

Band	BW (MHz)	Mod.	Channel	RB	Offset	Max. avg. conducted power (dBm)
4	20	QPSK	20050	1	LOW	23.40
4	20	QPSK	20050	1	MID	23.40
4	20	QPSK	20050	1	HIGH	23.51
4	20	QPSK	20050	50	LOW	22.37
4	20	QPSK	20050	50	HIGH	22.49
4	20	QPSK	20050	100	LOW	22.37
4	20	Q16	20050	1	LOW	22.35
4	20	Q16	20050	1	MID	22.37
4	20	Q16	20050	1	HIGH	22.49
4	20	Q16	20050	75	LOW	21.54
4	20	Q16	20050	75	HIGH	21.60
4	20	Q16	20050	100	LOW	21.48
4	20	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	23.61
4	20	QPSK	20175	1	MID	23.66
4	20	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	**23.84**
4	20	QPSK	20175	50	LOW	22.54
4	20	QPSK	20175	50	HIGH	**22.70**
4	20	QPSK	20175	100	LOW	22.55
4	20	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.97
4	20	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.99
4	20	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	23.20
4	20	Q16	20175	75	LOW	21.67
4	20	Q16	20175	75	HIGH	21.76
4	20	Q16	20175	100	LOW	21.68
4	20	QPSK	20300	1	LOW	23.57
4	20	QPSK	20300	1	MID	23.56
4	20	QPSK	20300	1	HIGH	23.58
4	20	QPSK	20300	50	LOW	22.65
4	20	QPSK	20300	50	HIGH	22.59
4	20	QPSK	20300	100	LOW	**22.66**
4	20	Q16	20300	1	LOW	22.62
4	20	Q16	20300	1	MID	22.58
4	20	Q16	20300	1	HIGH	22.62
4	20	Q16	20300	75	LOW	21.76
4	20	Q16	20300	75	HIGH	21.75
4	20	Q16	20300	100	LOW	21.69
4	15	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	23.38

4	15	QPSK	20175	1	MID	23.49
4	15	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	23.74
4	15	QPSK	20175	36	LOW	22.61
4	15	QPSK	20175	36	HIGH	22.71
4	15	QPSK	20175	75	LOW	22.68
4	15	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.75
4	15	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.87
4	15	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	23.10
4	15	Q16	20175	16	LOW	22.43
4	15	Q16	20175	16	HIGH	22.69
4	15	Q16	20175	75	LOW	21.79
4	10	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	23.39
4	10	QPSK	20175	1	MID	23.47
4	10	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	23.71
4	10	QPSK	20175	25	LOW	22.50
4	10	QPSK	20175	25	HIGH	22.59
4	10	QPSK	20175	50	LOW	22.59
4	10	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.76
4	10	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.83
4	10	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	23.02
4	10	Q16	20175	30	LOW	21.58
4	10	Q16	20175	30	HIGH	21.61
4	10	Q16	20175	50	LOW	21.64
4	5	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	23.52
4	5	QPSK	20175	1	MID	23.53
4	5	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	23.60
4	5	QPSK	20175	10	LOW	22.52
4	5	QPSK	20175	10	HIGH	22.54
4	5	QPSK	20175	25	LOW	22.56
4	5	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.44
4	5	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.43
4	5	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	22.53
4	5	Q16	20175	8	LOW	22.64
4	5	Q16	20175	8	HIGH	22.69
4	5	Q16	20175	25	LOW	21.73
4	3	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	23.53
4	3	QPSK	20175	1	MID	23.50
4	3	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	23.59
4	3	QPSK	20175	6	LOW	22.59
4	3	QPSK	20175	6	HIGH	22.60
4	3	QPSK	20175	15	LOW	22.56
4	3	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.88

4	3	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.83
4	3	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	22.92
4	3	Q16	20175	4	LOW	22.71
4	3	Q16	20175	4	HIGH	22.75
4	3	Q16	20175	15	LOW	21.71
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	23.56
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	1	MID	23.55
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	23.56
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	3	LOW	23.63
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	3	HIGH	23.62
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	6	LOW	22.64
4	1.4	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.71
4	1.4	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.64
4	1.4	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	22.73
4	1.4	Q16	20175	5	LOW	22.52
4	1.4	Q16	20175	5	HIGH	22.53
4	1.4	Q16	20175	6	LOW	21.65

Table 11.1-4a LTE band 4 conducted power measurements for normal mode

LTE band 4 maximum power in Hotspot mode						
Band	**BW (MHz)**	**Mod.**	**Channel**	**RB**	**Offset**	**Max. avg. conducted power (dBm)**
4	20	QPSK	20050	1	LOW	22.38
4	20	QPSK	20050	1	MID	22.40
4	20	QPSK	20050	1	HIGH	22.50
4	20	QPSK	20050	50	LOW	22.30
4	20	QPSK	20050	50	HIGH	22.50
4	20	QPSK	20050	100	LOW	22.38
4	20	Q16	20050	1	LOW	22.35
4	20	Q16	20050	1	MID	22.38
4	20	Q16	20050	1	HIGH	22.49
4	20	Q16	20050	75	LOW	21.55
4	20	Q16	20050	75	HIGH	21.61
4	20	Q16	20050	100	LOW	21.49
4	20	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	22.55
4	20	QPSK	20175	1	MID	22.60
4	20	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	**22.79**
4	20	QPSK	20175	50	LOW	22.53
4	20	QPSK	20175	50	HIGH	**22.71**
4	20	QPSK	20175	100	LOW	22.55

4	20	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.97
4	20	Q16	20175	1	MID	23.00
4	20	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	23.00
4	20	Q16	20175	75	LOW	21.68
4	20	Q16	20175	75	HIGH	21.78
4	20	Q16	20175	100	LOW	21.69
4	20	QPSK	20300	1	LOW	22.56
4	20	QPSK	20300	1	MID	22.55
4	20	QPSK	20300	1	HIGH	22.59
4	20	QPSK	20300	50	LOW	22.69
4	20	QPSK	20300	50	HIGH	22.52
4	20	QPSK	20300	100	LOW	**22.68**
4	20	Q16	20300	1	LOW	22.64
4	20	Q16	20300	1	MID	22.55
4	20	Q16	20300	1	HIGH	22.62
4	20	Q16	20300	75	LOW	21.78
4	20	Q16	20300	75	HIGH	21.75
4	20	Q16	20300	100	LOW	21.69
4	15	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	22.37
4	15	QPSK	20175	1	MID	22.47
4	15	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	22.69
4	15	QPSK	20175	36	LOW	22.56
4	15	QPSK	20175	36	HIGH	22.73
4	15	QPSK	20175	75	LOW	22.66
4	15	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.78
4	15	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.88
4	15	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	23.10
4	15	Q16	20175	16	LOW	22.45
4	15	Q16	20175	16	HIGH	22.70
4	15	Q16	20175	75	LOW	21.72
4	10	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	22.33
4	10	QPSK	20175	1	MID	22.42
4	10	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	22.65
4	10	QPSK	20175	25	LOW	22.53
4	10	QPSK	20175	25	HIGH	22.60
4	10	QPSK	20175	50	LOW	22.60
4	10	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.74
4	10	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.81
4	10	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	23.02
4	10	Q16	20175	30	LOW	21.53
4	10	Q16	20175	30	HIGH	21.61
4	10	Q16	20175	50	LOW	21.64

4	5	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	22.44
4	5	QPSK	20175	1	MID	22.45
4	5	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	22.52
4	5	QPSK	20175	10	LOW	22.49
4	5	QPSK	20175	10	HIGH	22.57
4	5	QPSK	20175	25	LOW	22.57
4	5	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.45
4	5	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.41
4	5	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	22.51
4	5	Q16	20175	8	LOW	22.64
4	5	Q16	20175	8	HIGH	22.69
4	5	Q16	20175	25	LOW	21.68
4	3	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	22.49
4	3	QPSK	20175	1	MID	22.45
4	3	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	22.55
4	3	QPSK	20175	6	LOW	22.54
4	3	QPSK	20175	6	HIGH	22.53
4	3	QPSK	20175	15	LOW	22.54
4	3	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.88
4	3	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.83
4	3	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	22.92
4	3	Q16	20175	4	LOW	22.71
4	3	Q16	20175	4	HIGH	22.75
4	3	Q16	20175	15	LOW	21.72
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	1	LOW	22.49
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	1	MID	22.46
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	1	HIGH	22.52
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	3	LOW	22.61
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	3	HIGH	22.61
4	1.4	QPSK	20175	6	LOW	22.60
4	1.4	Q16	20175	1	LOW	22.71
4	1.4	Q16	20175	1	MID	22.63
4	1.4	Q16	20175	1	HIGH	22.73
4	1.4	Q16	20175	5	LOW	22.52
4	1.4	Q16	20175	5	HIGH	22.53
4	1.4	Q16	20175	6	LOW	21.61

Table 11.1-4b LTE band 4 conducted power measurements for Hotspot mode

LTE band 5 maximum power in normal and Hotspot mode						
Band	**BW (MHz)**	**Mod.**	**Channel**	**RB**	**Offset**	**Max. avg. conducted power (dBm)**
5	10	QPSK	20450	1	LOW	23.46
5	10	QPSK	20450	1	MID	23.47
5	10	QPSK	20450	1	HIGH	**23.55**
5	10	QPSK	20450	25	LOW	22.50
5	10	QPSK	20450	25	HIGH	**22.54**
5	10	QPSK	20450	50	LOW	22.49
5	10	Q16	20450	1	LOW	22.83
5	10	Q16	20450	1	MID	22.79
5	10	Q16	20450	1	HIGH	22.87
5	10	Q16	20450	30	LOW	21.52
5	10	Q16	20450	30	HIGH	21.58
5	10	Q16	20450	50	LOW	21.53
5	10	QPSK	20525	1	LOW	23.46
5	10	QPSK	20525	1	MID	23.42
5	10	QPSK	20525	1	HIGH	23.33
5	10	QPSK	20525	25	LOW	22.51
5	10	QPSK	20525	25	HIGH	22.51
5	10	QPSK	20525	50	LOW	**22.49**
5	10	Q16	20525	1	LOW	22.45
5	10	Q16	20525	1	MID	22.38
5	10	Q16	20525	1	HIGH	22.31
5	10	Q16	20525	30	LOW	21.61
5	10	Q16	20525	30	HIGH	21.58
5	10	Q16	20525	50	LOW	21.53
5	10	QPSK	20600	1	LOW	23.33
5	10	QPSK	20600	1	MID	23.26
5	10	QPSK	20600	1	HIGH	23.43
5	10	QPSK	20600	25	LOW	22.37
5	10	QPSK	20600	25	HIGH	22.47
5	10	QPSK	20600	50	LOW	22.48
5	10	Q16	20600	1	LOW	22.68
5	10	Q16	20600	1	MID	22.68
5	10	Q16	20600	1	HIGH	22.81
5	10	Q16	20600	30	LOW	21.32
5	10	Q16	20600	30	HIGH	21.45
5	10	Q16	20600	50	LOW	21.52
5	5	QPSK	20525	1	LOW	23.58
5	5	QPSK	20525	1	MID	23.54

5	5	QPSK	20525	1	HIGH	23.45
5	5	QPSK	20525	10	LOW	22.49
5	5	QPSK	20525	10	HIGH	22.50
5	5	QPSK	20525	25	LOW	22.46
5	5	Q16	20525	1	LOW	23.09
5	5	Q16	20525	1	MID	23.04
5	5	Q16	20525	1	HIGH	22.98
5	5	Q16	20525	8	LOW	22.50
5	5	Q16	20525	8	HIGH	22.46
5	5	Q16	20525	25	LOW	21.44
5	3	QPSK	20525	1	LOW	23.48
5	3	QPSK	20525	1	MID	23.42
5	3	QPSK	20525	1	HIGH	23.42
5	3	QPSK	20525	6	LOW	22.53
5	3	QPSK	20525	6	HIGH	22.52
5	3	QPSK	20525	15	LOW	22.50
5	3	Q16	20525	1	LOW	22.86
5	3	Q16	20525	1	MID	22.77
5	3	Q16	20525	1	HIGH	22.82
5	3	Q16	20525	4	LOW	22.69
5	3	Q16	20525	4	HIGH	22.71
5	3	Q16	20525	15	LOW	21.60
5	1.4	QPSK	20525	1	LOW	23.48
5	1.4	QPSK	20525	1	MID	23.41
5	1.4	QPSK	20525	1	HIGH	23.46
5	1.4	QPSK	20525	3	LOW	23.62
5	1.4	QPSK	20525	3	HIGH	23.56
5	1.4	QPSK	20525	6	LOW	22.57
5	1.4	Q16	20525	1	LOW	22.67
5	1.4	Q16	20525	1	MID	22.58
5	1.4	Q16	20525	1	HIGH	22.66
5	1.4	Q16	20525	5	LOW	22.49
5	1.4	Q16	20525	5	HIGH	22.45
5	1.4	Q16	20525	6	LOW	21.56

Table 11.1-5 LTE band 5 conducted power measurements

LTE band 17 maximum power in normal and Hotspot mode						
Band	BW (MHz)	Mod.	Channel	RB	Offset	Max. avg. conducted power (dBm)
17	10	QPSK	23780	1	LOW	22.61
17	10	QPSK	23780	1	MID	22.60
17	10	QPSK	23780	1	HIGH	22.65
17	10	QPSK	23780	25	LOW	21.59
17	10	QPSK	23780	25	HIGH	21.61
17	10	QPSK	23780	50	LOW	21.60
17	10	Q16	23780	1	LOW	21.97
17	10	Q16	23780	1	MID	21.97
17	10	Q16	23780	1	HIGH	21.93
17	10	Q16	23780	30	LOW	20.62
17	10	Q16	23780	30	HIGH	20.65
17	10	Q16	23780	50	LOW	20.61
17	10	QPSK	23790	1	LOW	22.58
17	10	QPSK	23790	1	MID	22.53
17	10	QPSK	23790	1	HIGH	**22.77**
17	10	QPSK	23790	25	LOW	21.65
17	10	QPSK	23790	25	HIGH	21.58
17	10	QPSK	23790	50	LOW	21.64
17	10	Q16	23790	1	LOW	21.53
17	10	Q16	23790	1	MID	21.48
17	10	Q16	23790	1	HIGH	21.62
17	10	Q16	23790	30	LOW	20.66
17	10	Q16	23790	30	HIGH	20.68
17	10	Q16	23790	50	LOW	20.59
17	10	QPSK	23800	1	LOW	22.51
17	10	QPSK	23800	1	MID	22.46
17	10	QPSK	23800	1	HIGH	22.72
17	10	QPSK	23800	25	LOW	21.62
17	10	QPSK	23800	25	HIGH	**21.67**
17	10	QPSK	23800	50	LOW	**21.66**
17	10	Q16	23800	1	LOW	21.89
17	10	Q16	23800	1	MID	21.83
17	10	Q16	23800	1	HIGH	21.99
17	10	Q16	23800	30	LOW	20.59
17	10	Q16	23800	30	HIGH	20.65
17	10	Q16	23800	50	LOW	20.70
17	5	QPSK	23790	1	LOW	22.63
17	5	QPSK	23790	1	MID	22.56

17	5	QPSK	23790	1	HIGH	22.66
17	5	QPSK	23790	10	LOW	21.59
17	5	QPSK	23790	10	HIGH	21.55
17	5	QPSK	23790	25	LOW	21.59
17	5	Q16	23790	1	LOW	22.11
17	5	Q16	23790	1	MID	22.07
17	5	Q16	23790	1	HIGH	22.17
17	5	Q16	23790	8	LOW	21.54
17	5	Q16	23790	8	HIGH	21.55
17	5	Q16	23790	25	LOW	20.50

Table 11.1-6 LTE band 17 conducted power measurements

LTE Rel.10 maximum power impact and comparison				
	Band	**LTE band 17 (700)**		
	Freq. (MHz)	709.0	710.0	711.0
	Channel	23780	23790	23800
Mode	**Configuration**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
LTE band 17 UL/Tx DL CA/SCC OFF	QPSK, RB1, Offset: High	22.66	22.76	22.74
+ LTE band 4 DL CA active, SCC ON	16 QAM, RB1, Offset High	22.63	22.74	22.74
+ LTE band 2 DL CA active SCC ON	16 QAM, RB1, Offset High	22.64	22.75	22.73
	Band	**LTE band 4 (1700)**		
	Freq. (MHz)	1720.0	1732.5	1745.0
	Channel	20050	20175	20300
Mode	**Configuration**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
LTE band 4 UL/Tx DL CA/SCC OFF	QPSK, RB1, Offset: High	23.45	23.75	23.52
+ LTE band 17 DL CA active SCC ON	16 QAM, RB1, Offset High	23.44	23.70	23.50
+ LTE band 29 DL CA active SCC ON	16 QAM, RB1, Offset High	23.40	23.70	23.51
	Band	**LTE band 2 (1900)**		
	Freq. (MHz)	1860.0	1880.0	1900.0
	Channel	18700	18900	19100
Mode	**Configuration**	**Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)**		
LTE band 2 UL/Tx DL CA/SCC OFF	QPSK, RB1, Offset: High	23.55	23.66	23.85
+ LTE band 17 DL CA active SCC ON	16 QAM, RB1, Offset High	23.50	23.65	23.84
+ LTE band 29 DL CA active SCC ON	16 QAM, RB1, Offset High	23.52	23.61	23.85

Table 11.1-7 LTE Rel. 10 conducted power measurements comparing the effect dual carrier mode has on LTE maximum power

Note 1: Measurements were performed with and without dual carrier (DL CA) activated to determine if maximum conducted power for LTE is affected.
Note 2: Please refer to section 1.8.5 for more information

Bluetooth maximum power			
Channel	**Freq (MHz)**	**Mode**	**Conducted Avg. Transmit Power (dBm)**
0	2402	DH5	8.6
39	2441	DH5	10.4
78	2480	DH5	6.7

Table 11.1-8 Bluetooth conducted power measurements

802.11b/g/n Maximum power in normal, Wi-Fi Direct/GO and Hotspot mode used for SAR testing								
802.11b @ 1Mbps			**802.11g @ 6Mbps**			**802.11n @ 6.5 Mbps**		
f (MHz)	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
2412	1	17.00	2412	1	16.20	2412	1	15.20
2437	6	17.50	**2437**	**6**	**18.30**	2437	6	16.80
2462	11	16.40	2462	11	15.15	2462	11	15.00
2472	13	16.40	2472	13	15.20	2472	13	15.10

802.11g			**802.11b**		
Data Rate (Mbps)	**Mod.**	**Channel 6 Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**Data Rate (Mbps)**	**Mod.**	**Channel 6 Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
6	BPSK	18.30	1	BPSK	17.52
18	QPSK	18.20	2	DQPSK	17.70
36	16-QAM	16.00	5.5	CCK	17.64
54	64-QAM	15.90	11	CCK	17.60

802.11 n		
Data Rate (Mbps)	**Mod.**	**Channel 6 Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
6.5	MCS0	16.80
26	MCS3	15.10
52	MCS5	15.00
65	MCS7	14.90

Table 11.1-9a 802.11 b/g/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power before the maximum power was reduced

Note 1: Power was reduced for the final release of this model; however SAR was tested using these power levels. Since these power levels were higher and are within the tune-up tolerance of the new target power, SAR was not tested on the new lower power levels.
Note 2: There is no power reduction for Wi-Fi Direct/GO mode or Hotspot mode

802.11b/g/n Maximum power in normal, Wi-Fi Direct/GO and Hotspot mode using side load file with final release power levels								
802.11b @ 1Mbps			802.11g @ 6Mbps			802.11n @ 6.5 Mbps		
f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)
2412	1	15.00	2412	1	16.31	2412	1	15.20
2437	6	15.50	**2437**	**6**	**17.50**	2437	6	15.70
2462	11	14.78	2462	11	15.10	2462	11	15.00
2472	13	14.75	2472	13	16.10	2472	13	15.10

802.11g			802.11b		
Data Rate (Mbps)	Mod.	Channel 6 Max. average conducted power (dBm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mod.	Channel 6 Max. average conducted power (dBm)
6	BPSK	17.40	1	BPSK	15.47
18	QPSK	17.60	2	DQPSK	15.69
36	16-QAM	15.10	5.5	CCK	15.68
54	64-QAM	15.10	11	CCK	15.65

802.11 n		
Data Rate (Mbps)	Mod.	Channel 6 Max. average conducted power (dBm)
6.5	MCS0	15.70
26	MCS3	14.20
52	MCS5	14.00
65	MCS7	13.00

Table 11.1-9b 802.11 b/g/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power using side load file with the final release power levels

Note 1: Power was reduced for the final release of this model; however SAR was tested using the previous power levels. Since the previous power levels were higher and are within the tune-up tolerance of the new target power, SAR was not tested on these lower power levels.
Note 2: There is no power reduction for Wi-Fi Direct/GO mode or Hotspot mode

802.11b/g/n Maximum Power in normal, Wi-Fi Direct/GO and Hotspot mode verified on bundle 10.3.1.1817								
802.11b @ 1Mbps			**802.11g @ 6Mbps**			**802.11n @ 6.5 Mbps**		
f (MHz)	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
2412	1	14.95	2412	1	16.31	2412	1	15.10
2437	6	15.40	**2437**	**6**	**17.45**	2437	6	15.62
2462	11	14.63	2462	11	15.00	2462	11	14.90
2472	13	14.65	2472	13	15.00	2472	13	15.60

Table 11.1-9c 802.11 b/g/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power for bundle 10.3.1.1817

Note 1: Power was reduced for the final release of this model; however SAR was tested using the previous power levels. Since the previous power levels were higher and are within the tune-up tolerance of the new target power, SAR was not tested on these lower power levels.

802.11a/n Maximum power in normal mode

802.11a (low band) 6Mbps			802.11a (mid band) 6Mbps			802.11a (upper band I) 6Mbps		
f (MHz)	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
5180	**36**	**16.20**	**5260**	**52**	**18.30**	5500	100	16.90
5200	40	16.10	5280	56	18.27	**5520**	**104**	**18.70**
5220	44	16.10	5300	60	18.10	5540	108	18.60
5240	48	16.10	5320	64	18.10	5560	112	18.64
						5580	116	18.50
						5600	120	18.60
						5620	124	18.60
						5640	128	18.55
						5660	132	18.50
						5680	136	18.45
						5700	140	13.87

802.11a (upper band II) 6Mbps		
f (MHz)	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
5745	149	16.10
5765	153	18.40
5785	**157**	**18.50**
5805	161	18.10
5825	165	18.10

		802.11a (lower band)	802.11a (middle band)	802.11a (upper band I)	802.11a (upper band II)
Data Rate (Mbits)	**Mod.**	**Channel 36**	**Channel 52**	**Channel 104**	**Channel 157**
		Max. average conducted power (dBm)	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
6	BPSK	16.20	18.30	18.70	18.50
18	QPSK	16.20	18.30	18.70	18.50
36	16-QAM	16.20	17.20	17.70	17.60
54	64-QAM	16.10	16.20	16.70	16.70

	802.11n 20 MHz BW (lower band)	**802.11n 20 MHz BW (middle band)**	**802.11n 20 MHz BW (upper band I)**	**802.11n 20 MHz BW (upper band II)**
Mod.	**Channel 36**	**Channel 52**	**Channel 104**	**Channel 157**
	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
MCS0	16.20	18.25	18.70	15.20
MCS3	16.20	17.85	18.25	15.00
MCS5	16.20	16.40	16.60	15.00
MCS7	15.20	15.20	15.60	14.90
	802.11n 40 MHz BW (lower band)	**802.11n 40 MHz BW (middle band)**	**802.11n 40 MHz BW (upper band I)**	**802.11n 40 MHz BW (upper band II)**
Mod.	**Channel 36**	**Channel 52**	**Channel 104**	**Channel 157**
	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
MCS0	12.20	17.60	14.50	15.20
MCS3	12.20	17.50	14.40	15.10
MCS5	12.20	16.20	14.20	15.10
MCS7	12.20	15.30	14.20	15.10

Table 11.1-10a 802.11 a/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power for normal mode

802.11a/n Maximum power in Hotspot mode					
802.11a (low band) 6Mbps			**802.11a (upper band II) 6Mbps**		
f (MHz)	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
5180	36	**15.50**	5745	149	**15.20**
5200	40	15.40	5765	153	15.00
5220	44	15.20	5785	157	14.80
5240	48	15.20	5805	161	14.60
			5825	165	14.60

	802.11a (lower band)	**802.11 a (upper band II)**
Data Rate (Mbits)	**Channel 36**	**Channel 149**
	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
6	15.50	15.20
24	15.50	15.10
54	15.50	15.20

	802.11n (lower band)	**802.11n (upper band II)**
Mod.	**Channel 36**	**Channel 149**
	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
MCS0	15.20	15.00
MCS4	15.20	14.80
MCS7	14.95	14.91

Table 11.1-10b 802.11 a/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power for Hotspot mode

Note: 802.11a/n Hotspot mode does not support channels 52-140.

802.11a/n Maximum power in Hotspot mode verified on bundle 10.3.1.1817					
802.11a (low band) 6Mbps			802.11a (upper band II) 6Mbps		
f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)
5180	36	**15.30**	5745	149	**14.80**
5200	40	15.20	5765	153	14.75
5220	44	15.00	5785	157	14.55
5240	48	15.00	5805	161	14.35
			5825	165	14.32

Table 11.1-10c 802.11 a/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power for Hotspot mode

Note 1: 802.11a/n Hotspot mode does not support channels 52-140.
Note 2: Since conducted power was the same or slightly lower no additional testing was performed.

802.11a/n Maximum power in GO/Direct mode					
802.11a (low band) 6Mbps			**802.11a (upper band II) 6Mbps**		
f (MHz)	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**	**f (MHz)**	**Chan**	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
5180	36	14.60	5745	149	14.50
5200	40	14.20	5765	153	14.40
5220	44	**16.90**	5785	157	14.30
5240	48	16.70	5805	161	14.00
			5825	165	**16.50**

	802.11a (lower band)	**802.11 a (upper band II)**
Data Rate (Mbits)	**Channel 44**	**Channel 165**
	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
6	16.90	16.50
24	16.90	16.50
54	16.90	16.50
	802.11n (lower band)	**802.11n (upper band II)**
Mod.	**Channel 44**	**Channel 165**
	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	**Max. average conducted power (dBm)**
MCS0	16.90	16.50
MCS4	16.90	16.50
MCS7	16.90	16.50

Table 11.1-10d 802.11 a/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power for Wi-Fi GO/Direct mode

Note: 802.11a/n GO/Direct mode does not support channels 52-140.

802.11ac Maximum power									
BW (MHz)	802.11ac (low band) MCS0			802.11ac (mid band) MCS0			802.11ac (upper band I) MCS0		
	f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)
20	**5180**	**36**	**16.20**	**5260**	**52**	**18.30**	5500	100	17.40
	5200	40	16.10	5280	56	18.20	**5520**	**104**	**18.70**
	5220	44	16.10	5300	60	18.10	5540	108	18.60
	5240	48	16.10	5320	64	16.20	5560	112	18.70
							5580	116	18.60
							5600	120	18.60
							5620	124	18.60
							5640	128	18.60
							5660	132	18.50
							5680	136	18.50
							5700	140	13.70
							802.11ac (upper band II) MCS0		
							f (MHz)	Chan	Max. average conducted power (dBm)
							5745	149	15.20
							5765	**153**	**15.20**
							5785	157	14.90
							5805	161	14.70
							5825	165	14.70

BW (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbits)	802.11ac (lower band)	802.11ac (middle band)	802.11ac (upper band I)	802.11ac (upper band II)
		Channel 36	Channel 52	Channel 104	Channel 153
		Max. average conducted power (dBm)	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	Max. average conducted power (dBm)	Max. average conducted power (dBm)
20	MCS0	16.20	18.30	18.70	15.20
	MCS5	16.20	16.20	16.70	14.80
	MCS9	7.80	7.60	7.9	8.0
40	MCS0	12.40	17.50	14.30	15.10
	MCS5	12.30	16.20	14.30	15.00
	MCS9	12.20	12.30	12.80	12.90
80	MCS0	11.50	13.20	14.20	14.10
	MCS5	11.50	13.00	14.20	13.90
	MCS9	11.30	11.40	11.60	11.70

Table 11.1-10e 802.11 ac modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power per bandwidth

Note: 802.11ac does not support hotspot mode

11.2 SAR measurement results at highest power measured against the head

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - LTE Band 17 700 MHz (BW 10 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0	49	23.5	22.65	-0.01	0.304	0.315	0.370	0.383
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	-0.08	0.301		0.356	
				23800	711.0	49	23.5	22.72	0.16	0.298		0.357	
			25	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0								
				23800	711.0	25	22.5	21.67	0.06	0.240		0.291	
			50										
Right 15° Tilt	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	0.14	0.214		0.253	
				23800	711.0								
Left Cheek	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	0.03	0.191		0.226	
				23800	711.0								
			25	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0								
				23800	711.0								
			50										
Left 15° Tilt	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	0.05	0.129		0.153	
				23800	711.0								

Table 11.2-1 SAR testing results for LTE Band 17 (10MHz BW) head configuration

Note 1: If the power drift is ≤ – 0.200 dB, the extrapolated SAR is calculated using the formula:

Extrapolated SAR = (Measured SAR) * 10^(|Power Drift (dB)| / 10)

Note 2: Only Middle channel was tested when 1g reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/Kg or 3dB lower than the limit. Low, Middle and High channels were tested on the worst case position regardless of the SAR level.

Note 3a: For Fast SAR a zoom scan is required for each head position with 1g measured SAR ≥ 0.8 W/Kg and one additional zoom scan to cover all the remaining head positions. The scan is done on the worst case for the position(s)

Note 3b: For Fast SAR the technique cannot be utilized when 1g measured SAR ≥ 1.2 W/Kg, an error message occurs, or difference between the zoom and area scan 1g SAR ≥ 0.1 W/kg for that configuration.

Note 4: A 2nd scan is required when 1g measured SAR ≥ 0.8 W/Kg. A 3rd scan is required when the 1g measured SAR ≥ 1.45 W/Kg or the 2nd scan SAR differs more than 20%. A 4th scan is required when the 1g measured SAR ≥ 1.50 W/Kg or the previous measurements differ more than 20%.

Note 5a: For LTE it is only required to test the configuration (channel and offset) yielding the highest conducted power for RB 1 and RB 50% when combined 1g avg. SAR < 0.8 W/Kg or 3dB lower than the limit for both cases. Also, when the highest conducted power for RB 1 and RB 50% are both greater than RB 100%, then SAR testing for RB 100% can be excluded.

Note 5b: For LTE if 1g avg. SAR > 0.8 W/Kg or not at least 3dB lower than the limit, than the remaining channels for that RB number must be tested and one additional scan must be done with RB 100%. For all additional scans the highest conducted power configuration (channel and offset) must be used.
Note 5c: For LTE if SAR ≤ 1.45, then SAR tests for the smaller bandwidths are not required
Note 5d: For LTE the lower bandwidths are only tested on the cases where the conducted power is 0.5 dB greater than those found on the highest bandwidth or when the reported 1g SAR > 1.45 for the highest bandwidth.
Note 5e: For LTE 16 QAM is only tested on the cases where its conducted power is 0.5 dB greater than QPSK or when the reported 1g SAR > 1.45 for QPSK.

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - LTE Band 5 850 MHz (BW 10 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	-0.06	0.310		0.344	
				20525	836.5	0	24	23.46	0.09	0.325	0.341	0.368	0.386
				20600	844.0	49	24	23.43	0.04	0.306		0.349	
			25	20450	829.0	25	23	22.54	0.18	0.257		0.286	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
			50	20252	836.5								
Right 15° Tilt	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	-0.03	0.216		0.240	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
Left Cheek	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	0.12	0.217		0.241	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
			25	20450	829.0								
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
			50										
Left 15° Tilt	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	-0.07	0.158		0.175	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								

Table 11.2-2 SAR testing results for LTE Band 5 (10MHz BW) head configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - GSM/EDGE/DTM 850 MHz										
Position	Time Slot	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
							Extrapolated		Reported	
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	1	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	2	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	3	128	824.2	29	28.6	0.08	0.452		0.496	
		190	836.6	29	28.4	0.15	0.539	0.552	0.619	0.634
		251	848.8	29	28.3	-0.10	0.497		0.584	
Right 15° Tilt	1	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	2	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	3	128	824.2							
		190	836.6	29	28.4	0.03	0.385		0.442	
		251	848.8							
Left Cheek	1	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	2	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	3	128	824.2							
		190	836.6	29	28.4	-0.05	0.341		0.392	
		251	848.8							
Left 15° Tilt	1	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	2	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	3	128	824.2							
		190	836.6	29	28.4	0.03	0.251		0.288	
		251	848.8							

Table 11.2-3 SAR testing results for GSM/EDGE/DTM 850 head configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - WCDMA FDD V 850 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	4132	826.4	24.8	24.20	0.15	0.439	0.459	0.504	0.527
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	0.04	0.444		0.503	
	4233	846.6	24.8	24.33	0.01	0.427		0.476	
Right 15° Tilt	4132	826.4							
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	0.03	0.300		0.340	
	4233	846.6							
Left Cheek	4132	826.4							
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	0.04	0.310		0.351	
	4233	846.6							
Left 15° Tilt	4132	826.4							
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	0.04	0.240		0.272	
	4233	846.6							

Table 11.2-4 SAR testing results for WCDMA FDD V head configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - LTE Band 4 1800 MHz (BW 20 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0	99	24	23.51	0.21	0.583		0.653	
				20175	1732.5	99	24	23.84	0.03	0.643		0.667	
				20300	1745.0	99	24	23.58	-0.02	0.732	0.730	0.806	0.804
			50	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	50	23	22.70	-0.04	0.510		0.546	
				20300	1745.0								
			100	20300	1745.0	0	23	22.66	0.02	0.543		0.587	
Right 15° Tilt	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	24	23.84	0.11	0.211		0.219	
				20300	1745.0								
Left Cheek	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	24	23.84	-0.09	0.291		0.302	
				20300	1745.0								
			50	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5								
				20300	1745.0								
			100										
Left 15° Tilt	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	24	23.84	0.04	0.233		0.242	
				20300	1745.0								

Table 11.2-5 SAR testing results for LTE Band 4 (20MHz BW) head configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - WCDMA FDD IV 1800 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	24.6	23.53	0.06	0.500		0.640	
	1413	1732.6	24.6	23.89	0.04	0.653		0.769	
	1513	1752.6	24.6	23.96	0.02	0.807	0.807	0.935	0.935
Right 15° Tilt	1312	1712.4	24.6	23.53					
	1413	1732.6	24.6	23.89	-0.01	0.177		0.208	
	1513	1752.6	24.6	23.96					
Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	24.6	23.53					
	1413	1732.6	24.6	23.89	0.07	0.234		0.276	
	1513	1752.6	24.6	23.96					
Left 15° Tilt	1312	1712.4	24.6	23.53					
	1413	1732.6	24.6	23.89	0.07	0.191		0.225	
	1513	1752.6	24.6	23.96					

Table 11.2-6 SAR testing results for WCDMA FDD IV head configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - LTE Band 2 1900 MHz (BW 20 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0	0	24	23.60	-0.01	1.05	1.08	1.15	1.18
				18900	1880.0	0	24	23.67	-0.06	1.05		1.13	
				19100	1900.0	99	24	23.79	0.13	1.03		1.08	
			50	18700	1860.0	0	23	22.68	0.06	0.883		0.951	
				18900	1880.0	50	23	22.58	0.03	0.859		0.946	
				19100	1900.0	0	23	22.71	0.10	0.854		0.913	
			100	19100	1900.0	0	23	22.65	0.01	0.872		0.945	
Right 15° Tilt	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	24	23.79	0.07	0.320		0.336	
Left Cheek	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	24	23.79	0.03	0.409	0.436	0.429	0.458
			50	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0								
			100										
Left 15° Tilt	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	24	23.79	-0.11	0.356		0.374	
Repeat Scans - Right Cheek													
2nd Scan	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0	0	24	23.60	0.05	1.06	1.06	1.16	1.16

Table 11.2-7 SAR testing results for LTE Band 2 (20MHz BW) head configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - GSM/EDGE/DTM 1900 MHz										
Position	Time Slot	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
							Extrapolated		Reported	
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	1	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
	2	512	1850.2	29	28.2	-0.05	0.686	0.694	0.825	0.834
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	0.13	0.614		0.738	
		810	1909.8	29	28.1	-0.02	0.621		0.764	
	3	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
Right 15° Tilt	1	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	0.07	0.160		0.192	
		810	1909.8							
	3	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
Left Cheek	1	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	0.77	0.244		0.293	
		810	1909.8							
	3	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
Left 15° Tilt	1	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	0.46	0.117		0.141	
		810	1909.8							
	3	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
Repeat Scans - Right Cheek										
2nd Scan	2	512	1850.2	29	28.2	0.03	0.689	0.696	0.828	0.837

Table 11.2-8 SAR testing results for GSM/EDGE/DTM 1900 head configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - WCDMA FDD II 1900 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	24.6	23.76	-0.05	1.05		1.27	
	9400	1880.0	24.6	23.87	-0.05	1.09		1.29	
	9538	1907.6	24.6	23.89	-0.02	1.13	1.13	1.33	1.33
Right 15° Tilt	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	24.6	23.87	-0.11	0.299		0.354	
	9538	1907.6							
Left Cheek	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	24.6	23.87	0.06	0.445	0.472	0.526	0.558
	9538	1907.6							
Left 15° Tilt	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	24.6	23.87	-0.11	0.342		0.405	
	9538	1907.6							
Repeat Scans - Right Cheek									
2nd Scan	9538	1907.6	24.6	23.89	0.04	1.13	1.15	1.33	**1.35**

Table 11.2-9 SAR testing results for WCDMA FDD II head configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - 802.11bgn 2450 MHz												
Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Duty Factor (%)	1g SAR (W/Kg)					
							Extrapolated		Reported		FAST SAR at 100% DF	FULL SAR at 100% DF
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR		
802.11g												
Right Cheek	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.129		0.170		0.179	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
Right 15° Tilt	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.147	0.144	0.194	0.190	0.203	0.199
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
Left Cheek	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.040		0.052		0.055	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
Left 15° Tilt	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.057		0.075		0.079	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
Additional Scans - 802.11b												
Right 15° Tilt	1	1	2412.0	17	17.00	95.0	0.117		0.117		0.123	
		6	2437.0	17.5	17.50	95.0	0.121		0.121		0.127	
		11	2462.0	16.5	16.40	95.0	0.084		0.086		0.090	

Table 11.2-10 SAR testing results for Wi-Fi/WLAN/802.11b head configuration

Note 1: SAR measurements were performed on the highest output power mode and channel.
Note 2: Spot check measurements were performed on 802.11b as its conducted power is ¼ dB higher on the low/high channel than 802.11g.

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - Bluetooth 2450 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
Right Cheek	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	0.10	0.016		0.017	
	78	2480.0							
Right 15° Tilt	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	0.66	0.019	0.018	0.020	0.019
	78	2480.0							
Left Cheek	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	0.25	0.006		0.006	
	78	2480.0							
Left 15° Tilt	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	0.43	0.008		0.009	
	78	2480.0							

Table 11.2-11 SAR testing results for Bluetooth head configuration

Note: SAR measurements were performed on the highest output power channel.

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Head - 802.11an 5000-6000 MHz													
Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	BW (MHz)	Sub Band	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Duty Factor (%)	1g SAR (W/Kg)				
									Extrapolated		Reported		FULL
						Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR	SAR at 100% DF
Right Cheek	6	20	Low Band	36	5180	18	16.2	95		0.074		0.112	0.118
				48	5240								
			Mid Band	52	5260	20	18.3	95		0.167		0.247	0.259
				64	5320								
			Upper Band I	104	5520	20	18.7	95		0.110		0.148	0.156
				116	5580								
				124	5620								
				136	5680								
			Upper Band II	149	5745								
				157	5785	20	18.5	95		0.249		0.352	0.369
				165	5825								
Right 15° Tilt	6	20	Low										
			Mid										
			I										
			II	157	5785	20	18.5	95		0.376		0.531	0.558
Left Cheek	6	20	Low Band	36	5180	18	16.2	95		0.060		0.091	0.095
				48	5240								
			Mid Band	52	5260	20	18.3	95		0.123		0.182	0.191
				64	5320								
			Upper Band I	104	5520	20	18.7	95		0.127		0.171	0.180
				116	5580								
				124	5620								
				136	5680								
			Upper Band II	149	5745								
				157	5785	20	18.5	95		0.260		0.367	0.386
				165	5825								
Left 15° Tilt	6	20	Low										
			Mid										
			I										
			II	157	5785	20	18.5	95		0.328		0.463	0.486

Table 11.2-12 SAR testing results for 802.11a head configuration

Note: SAR measurements were performed on the highest output power channel in each sub-band.

11.3 SAR measurement results at highest power measured for Hotspot and body-worn configurations

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - LTE Band 17 700 MHz (BW 10 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
10mm Back	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0	49	23.5	22.65	0.01	0.620	0.633	0.754	0.770
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	0.01	0.605		0.716	
				23800	711.0	49	23.5	22.72	0.07	0.595		0.712	
			25	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0								
				23800	711.0	25	22.5	21.67	0.00	0.494		0.598	
			50										
10mm Front	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	-0.06	0.319		0.377	
				23800	711.0								
10mm Left	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	-0.04	0.128		0.151	
				23800	711.0								
10mm Right	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	-0.05	0.375		0.444	
				23800	711.0								
10mm Bottom	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	0.05	0.155		0.183	
				23800	711.0								

Table 11.3-1a SAR testing results for LTE Band 17 (10MHz BW) Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - LTE Band 17 700 MHz (BW 10 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0	49	23.5	22.65	-0.01	0.375	0.378	0.456	0.460
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	-0.04	0.368		0.435	
				23800	711.0	49	23.5	22.72	-0.01	0.366		0.438	
			25	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0								
				23800	711.0	25	22.5	21.67	0.05	0.304		0.368	
			50										
15mm Front	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	-0.01	0.269		0.318	
				23800	711.0								
Holster Back	QPSK	10.0	1	23780	709.0								
				23790	710.0	49	23.5	22.77	0.02	0.272		0.322	
				23800	711.0								

Table 11.3-1b SAR testing results for LTE Band 17 (10MHz BW) body-worn configuration

Note 1: If the power drift is ≤ – 0.200 dB, the extrapolated SAR is calculated using the formula:
Extrapolated SAR = (Measured SAR) * 10^(|Power Drift (dB)| / 10)
Note 2: Only Middle channel was tested when 1g reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/Kg or 3dB lower than the limit.
Note 3a: For Fast SAR a zoom scan is required for each head position with 1g measured SAR ≥ 0.8 W/Kg and one additional zoom scan to cover all the remaining head positions. The scan is done on the worst case for the position(s)
Note 3b: For Fast SAR the technique cannot be utilized when 1g measured SAR ≥ 1.2 W/Kg, an error message occurs, or difference between the zoom and area scan 1g SAR ≥ 0.1 W/kg for that configuration.
Note 4: A 2nd scan is required when 1g measured SAR ≥ 0.8 W/Kg. A 3rd scan is required when the 1g measured SAR ≥ 1.45 W/Kg or the 2nd scan SAR differs more than 20%. A 4th scan is required when the 1g measured SAR ≥ 1.50 W/Kg or the previous measurements differ more than 20%.
Note 5: Device was tested with 15 mm BLACKBERRY recommended separation distance to allow typical after-market holster to be used.
Note 6: For Hot Spot mode any side of the phone that is further than 2.5 cm away from the transmitting antenna can be exempted from testing.
Note 7a: For LTE it is only required to test the configuration (channel and offset) yielding the highest conducted power for RB 1 and RB 50% when combined 1g avg. SAR < 0.8 W/Kg or 3dB lower than the limit for both cases. Also, when the highest conducted power for RB 1 and RB 50% are both greater than RB 100%, then SAR testing for RB 100% can be excluded.
Note 7b: For LTE if 1g avg. SAR > 0.8 W/Kg or not at least 3dB lower than the limit, than the remaining channels for that RB number must be tested and one additional scan must be done with RB 100%. For all additional scans the highest conducted power configuration (channel and offset) must be used.
Note 7c: For LTE if SAR ≤ 1.45, then SAR tests for the smaller bandwidths are not required
Note 7d: For LTE the lower bandwidths are only tested on the cases where the conducted power is 0.5 dB greater than those found on the highest bandwidth or when the reported 1g SAR > 1.45 for the highest bandwidth.
Note 7e: For LTE 16 QAM is only tested on the cases where its conducted power is 0.5 dB greater than QPSK or when the reported 1g SAR > 1.45 for QPSK.

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - LTE Band 5 850 MHz (BW 10 MHz)										1g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
10mm Back	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	-0.08	0.522		0.579	
				20525	836.5	0	24	23.46	-0.05	0.536	0.605	0.607	0.685
				20600	844.0	49	24	23.43	0.05	0.505		0.576	
			25	20450	829.0	25	23	22.54	0.05	0.421		0.468	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
			50	20252	836.5								
10mm Front	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	-0.03	0.447		0.496	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
10mm Left	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	-0.02	0.409		0.454	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
10mm Right	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	0.02	0.639	0.628	0.709	0.697
				20525	836.5	0	24	23.46	-0.03	0.609		0.690	
				20600	844.0	49	24	23.43	-0.01	0.472		0.538	
10mm Bottom	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	0.01	0.282		0.313	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								

Table 11.3-2a SAR testing results for LTE Band 5 (10MHz BW) Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - LTE Band 5 850 MHz (BW 10 MHz)										1g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	-0.07	0.433	0.438	0.480	0.486
				20525	836.5	0	24	23.46	0.05	0.433		0.490	
				20600	844.0	49	24	23.43	0.00	0.357		0.407	
			25	20450	829.0	25	23	22.54	0.04	0.344		0.382	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
			50										
15mm Front	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	0.00	0.414		0.459	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								
Holster Back	QPSK	10.0	1	20450	829.0	49	24	23.55	0.05	0.387		0.429	
				20525	836.5								
				20600	844.0								

Table 11.3-2b SAR testing results for LTE Band 5 (10MHz BW) body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - GSM/EDGE/DTM 850 MHz										
Position	Time Slot	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
							Extrapolated		Reported	
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
10mm Back	1	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	2	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	3	128	824.2	29	28.6	0.10	0.767		0.841	
		190	836.6	29	28.4	-0.02	0.770	0.764	0.884	0.877
		251	848.8	29	28.4	-0.03	0.692		0.795	
	4	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
10mm Front	3	128	824.2							
		190	836.6	29	28.4	0.02	0.623		0.715	
		251	848.8							
10mm Left	3	128	824.2							
		190	836.6	29	28.4	-0.07	0.471		0.541	
		251	848.8							
10mm Right	3	128	824.2							
		190	836.6	29	28.4	-0.05	0.749		0.860	
		251	848.8							
10mm Bottom	3	128	824.2							
		190	836.6	29	28.4	-0.03	0.27		0.310	
		251	848.8							

Table 11.3-3a SAR testing results for GSM/EDGE/GPRS 850 Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - GSM/EDGE/DTM 850										
Position	Time Slot	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
							Extrapolated		Reported	
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	1	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	2	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
	3	128	824.2	29	28.6	0.05	0.544	0.561	0.596	0.615
		190	836.6	29	28.4	0.03	0.532		0.611	
		251	848.8	29	28.4	-0.02	0.433		0.497	
	4	128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
15mm Front	3	128	824.2	29	28.6	-0.02	0.525		0.576	
		190	836.6	29	28.4	-0.01	0.536		0.615	
		251	848.8	29	28.4	-0.10	0.445		0.511	
Holster Back		128	824.2							
		190	836.6							
		251	848.8							
Holster Front	3	128	824.2							
		190	836.6	29	28.4	-0.14	0.504		0.579	
		251	848.8							

Table 11.3-3b SAR testing results for GSM/EDGE/GPRS 850 body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - WCDMA FDD V 850 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
10mm Back	4132	826.4	24.8	24.20	0.00	0.695	0.709	0.798	0.814
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	-0.16	0.660		0.747	
	4233	846.6	24.8	24.33	0.17	0.603		0.672	
10mm Front	4132	826.4							
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	-0.14	0.570		0.645	
	4233	846.6							
10mm Left	4132	826.4							
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	0.02	0.487		0.551	
	4233	846.6							
10mm Right	4132	826.4	24.8	24.20	0.02	0.860	0.860	0.987	0.987
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	0.00	0.754		0.854	
	4233	846.6	24.8	24.33	0.09	0.675		0.752	
10mm Bottom	4132	826.4							
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	0.09	0.327		0.370	
	4233	846.6							
Repeat Scans - 10mm Right									
2nd Scan	4132	826.4	24.8	24.20	0.01	0.851	0.850	0.977	0.976

Table 11.3-4a SAR testing results for WCDMA FDD V Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - WCDMA FDD V 850 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	4132	826.4	24.8	24.20	0.02	0.595	0.608	0.683	0.698
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	-0.07	0.549		0.622	
	4233	846.6	24.8	24.33	0.01	0.477		0.532	
15mm Front	4132	826.4							
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	-0.04	0.517		0.585	
	4233	846.6							
Holster Back	4132	826.4							
	4182	836.4	24.8	24.26	-0.02	0.486		0.550	
	4233	846.6							

Table 11.3-4b SAR testing results for WCDMA FDD V body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - LTE Band 4 1800 MHz (BW 20 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST	FULL	FAST	FULL
10mm Back	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0	99	23	22.50	0.06	0.996		1.12	
				20175	1732.5	99	23	22.79	0.03	1.08		1.13	
				20300	1745.0	99	23	22.59	-0.04	1.13	1.20	1.24	1.32
			50	20050	1720.0	50	23	22.50	0.00	1.02		1.14	
				20175	1732.5	50	23	22.71	0.02	1.05		1.12	
				20300	1745.0	0	23	22.69	0.00	1.08		1.16	
			100	20300	1745.0	0	23	22.68	0.07	1.09		1.17	
10mm Front	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	23	22.79	0.08	0.546		0.573	
				20300	1745.0								
10mm Left	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	23	22.79	0.00	0.060		0.063	
				20300	1745.0								
10mm Right	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	23	22.79	0.04	0.441		0.463	
				20300	1745.0								
10mm Bottom	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	23	22.79	0.00	0.554		0.581	
				20300	1745.0								
10mm + Headset	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5								
				20300	1745.0	99	23	22.59	0.01	1.14	1.21	1.25	1.33
Repeat Scans- 10mm + Headset													
2nd Scan	QPSK	20.0	1	20300	1745.0	99	23	22.59	0.11	1.20	1.22	1.32	1.34

Table 11.3-5a SAR testing results for LTE Band 4 (20 MHz BW) Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - LTE Band 4 1800 MHz (BW 20 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0	99	24	23.51	0.27	0.686		0.768	
				20175	1732.5	99	24	23.84	0.17	0.699	0.758	0.725	0.786
				20300	1745.0	99	24	23.58	0.04	0.679		0.748	
			50	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	50	23	22.70	0.06	0.563		0.603	
				20300	1745.0								
			100										
15mm Front	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	24	23.84	0.03	0.432		0.448	
				20300	1745.0								
Holster Back	QPSK	20.0	1	20050	1720.0								
				20175	1732.5	99	24	23.84	0.02	0.455		0.472	
				20300	1745.0								

Table 11.3-5b SAR testing results for LTE Band 4 (20 MHz BW) body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - WCDMA FDD IV 1800 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
10mm Back	1312	1712.4	23.1	21.90	0.19	0.891		1.17	
	1413	1732.6	23.1	22.13	0.04	0.949		1.19	
	1513	1752.6	23.1	22.20	0.03	1.09	1.12	1.34	**1.38**
10mm Front	1312	1712.4	23.1	21.90					
	1413	1732.6	23.1	22.13	0.07	0.510		0.638	
	1513	1752.6	23.1	22.20					
10mm Left	1312	1712.4	23.1	21.90					
	1413	1732.6	23.1	22.13	0.15	0.035		0.044	
	1513	1752.6	23.1	22.20					
10mm Right	1312	1712.4	23.1	21.90					
	1413	1732.6	23.1	22.13	0.11	0.361		0.451	
	1513	1752.6	23.1	22.20					
10mm Bottom	1312	1712.4	23.1	21.90					
	1413	1732.6	23.1	22.13	0.01	0.438		0.548	
	1513	1752.6	23.1	22.20					
10mm + Headset	1312	1712.4	23.1	21.90					
	1413	1732.6	23.1	22.13					
	1513	1752.6	23.1	22.20	0.02	1.09		1.34	
Repeat Scans - 10mm Back									
2nd Scan	1513	1752.6	23.1	22.20	0.05	1.04	1.06	1.28	1.30

Table 11.3-6a SAR testing results for WCDMA FDD IV Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - WCDMA FDD IV 1800 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	1312	1712.4	24.6	23.53	0.08	0.694		0.888	
	1413	1732.6	24.6	23.89	-0.06	0.724		0.853	
	1513	1752.6	24.6	23.96	-0.11	0.756	0.828	0.876	0.959
15mm Front	1312	1712.4	24.6	23.53					
	1413	1732.6	24.6	23.89	0.05	0.407		0.479	
	1513	1752.6	24.6	23.96					
Holster Back	1312	1712.4	24.6	23.53					
	1413	1732.6	24.6	23.89	-0.06	0.548		0.645	
	1513	1752.6	24.6	23.96					

Table 11.3-6b SAR results for WCDMA FDD IV body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - LTE Band 2 1900 MHz (BW 20 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST	FULL	FAST	FULL
10mm Back	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0	50	22.5	22.13	-0.04	0.789		0.859	
				18900	1880.0	50	22.5	22.06	0.04	0.833	0.812	0.922	0.899
				19100	1900.0	99	22.5	22.29	0.04	0.754		0.791	
			50	18700	1860.0	0	22.5	22.17	-0.01	0.814		0.878	
				18900	1880.0	50	22.5	22.09	-0.05	0.819		0.900	
				19100	1900.0	0	22.5	22.19	0.02	0.823		0.884	
			100	19100	1900.0	0	22.5	22.17	0.07	0.829		0.894	
10mm Front	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	22.5	22.29	0.02	0.518		0.544	
10mm Left	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	22.5	22.29	0.43	0.022		0.023	
10mm Right	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	22.5	22.29	0.03	0.576		0.605	
10mm Bottom	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	22.5	22.29	0.04	0.586		0.615	
Repeat Scans - 10mm Back													
2nd Scan	QPSK	20.0	1	18900	1880.0	50	22.5	22.06	-0.02	0.719	0.811	0.796	0.897

Table 11.3-7a SAR testing results for LTE Band 2 (20 MHz BW) Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - LTE Band 2 1900 MHz (BW 20 MHz)													
Position	Mod.	BW (MHz)	RB#	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	RB OFF	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
										Extrapolated		Reported	
							Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0	0	24	23.60	0.18	0.477	0.469	0.523	0.514
				18900	1880.0	0	24	23.67	0.06	0.465		0.502	
				19100	1900.0	99	24	23.79	0.10	0.434		0.456	
			50	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	0	23	22.71	0.05	0.453		0.484	
			100	19100	1900.0								
15mm Front	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	24	23.79	-0.02	0.332		0.348	
Holster Back	QPSK	20.0	1	18700	1860.0								
				18900	1880.0								
				19100	1900.0	99	24	23.79	0.08	0.255		0.268	

Table 11.3-7b SAR testing results for LTE Band 2 (20 MHz BW) body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - GSM/EDGE/DTM 1900 MHz										
Position	Time Slot	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
							Extrapolated		Reported	
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
10mm Back	1	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
	2	512	1850.2	29	28.2	0.03	0.945	0.961	1.14	1.16
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	-0.17	0.759		0.913	
		810	1909.8	29	28.1	-0.11	0.761		0.936	
	3	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
	4	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
10mm Front	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	-0.04	0.511		0.614	
		810	1909.8							
10mm Left	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	0.14	0.021		0.025	
		810	1909.8							
10mm Right	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	-0.03	0.447		0.537	
		810	1909.8							
10mm Bottom	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	-0.01	0.430		0.517	
		810	1909.8							
10mm + Headset	2	512	1850.2	29	28.2	-0.04	0.952	0.984	1.14	1.18
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
Repeat Scans- 10mm Back + Headset										
2nd Scan	2	512	1850.2	29	28.2	0.10	0.981	1.02	1.18	1.23

Table 11.3-8a SAR testing results for GSM/EDGE/GPRS 1900 Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - GSM/EDGE/DTM 1900 MHz										
Position	Time Slot	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
							Extrapolated		Reported	
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	1	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
	2	512	1850.2	29	28.2	0.00	0.410	0.424	0.493	0.510
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	-0.06	0.368		0.442	
		810	1909.8	29	28.1	0.02	0.368		0.453	
	3	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
	4	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0							
		810	1909.8							
15mm Front	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	0.01	0.280		0.337	
		810	1909.8							
Holster Back	2	512	1850.2							
		661	1880.0	29	28.2	0.14	0.221		0.266	
		810	1909.8							
Repeat Scans - 15mm Back										
2nd Scan	2	512	1850.2	29	28.2	0.01	0.432	0.450	0.519	0.541

Table 11.3-8b SAR testing results for GSM/EDGE/GPRS 1900 body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - WCDMA FDD II 1900 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
10mm Back	9262	1852.4	22.1	21.00	0.07	0.896	0.991	1.15	1.28
	9400	1880.0	22.1	21.16	0.10	0.823		1.02	
	9538	1907.6	22.1	21.05	0.02	0.751		0.956	
10mm Front	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	22.1	21.16	0.09	0.476		0.591	
	9538	1907.6							
10mm Left	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	22.1	21.16	0.24	0.038		0.047	
	9538	1907.6							
10mm Right	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	22.1	21.16	0.03	0.496		0.616	
	9538	1907.6							
10mm Bottom	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	22.1	21.16	0.14	0.421		0.523	
	9538	1907.6							
10mm + Headset	9262	1852.4	22.1	21.00	0.00	0.908	0.938	1.17	1.21
	9400	1880.0							
	9538	1907.6							
Repeat Scans - 10mm Back									
2nd Scan	9262	1852.4	22.1	21.00	-0.05	0.929	0.960	1.20	1.24

Table 11.3-9a SAR testing results for WCDMA FDD II Hotspot configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - WCDMA FDD II 1900 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	9262	1852.4	24.6	23.76	0.00	0.782	0.832	0.949	1.01
	9400	1880.0	24.6	23.87	0.01	0.725		0.858	
	9538	1907.6	24.6	23.89	-0.04	0.687		0.809	
15mm Front	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	24.6	23.87	-0.02	0.457		0.541	
	9538	1907.6							
Holster Back	9262	1852.4							
	9400	1880.0	24.6	23.87	0.05	0.406		0.480	
	9538	1907.6							
Repeat Scans - 15mm Back									
2nd Scan	9262	1852.4	24.6	23.76	0.19	0.770	0.806	0.934	0.978

Table 11.3-9b SAR testing results for WCDMA FDD II body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - 802.11bgn 2450 MHz												
Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Duty Factor (%)	1g SAR (W/Kg)					
							Extrapolated		Reported		FAST SAR at 100% DF	FULL SAR at 100% DF
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR		
802.11g												
10mm Back	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.131	0.147	0.173	0.194	0.181	0.203
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
10mm Front	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.034		0.045		0.047	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
10mm Left	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.054		0.071		0.075	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
10mm Right	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.012		0.016		0.017	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
10mm Top	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.084		0.110		0.116	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
10mm + Headset	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0						
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
Additional Scans - 802.11b												
10mm Back	1	1	2412.0	17	17.00	95.0	0.120		0.120		0.126	
		6	2437.0	17.5	17.50	95.0	0.105	0.121	0.105	0.121	0.110	0.127
		11	2462.0	16.5	16.40	95.0	0.107		0.109		0.115	

Table 11.3-10a SAR testing results for Wi-Fi/WLAN/802.11b/g Hotspot configuration

Note 1: SAR measurements were performed on the highest output power mode and channel.
Note 2: Spot check measurements were performed on 802.11b as its conducted power is ¼ dB higher than 802.11g on the low/high channel.

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - 802.11bgn 2450 MHz												
Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Duty Factor (%)	1g SAR (W/Kg)					
							Extrapolated		Reported		FAST SAR at 100% DF	FULL SAR at 100% DF
				Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR		
802.11g												
15mm Back	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.067	0.068	0.088	0.090	0.092	0.094
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
15mm Front	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.021		0.027		0.029	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
Holster Back	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0	0.037		0.048		0.051	
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
Holster Front	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0						
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
15mm + Headset	6	1	2412.0		16.20	95.0						
		6	2437.0	19.5	18.30	95.0						
		11	2462.0		15.15	95.0						
Additional Scans - 802.11b												
15mm Back	1	1	2412.0	17	17.00	95.0	0.056		0.056		0.058	
		6	2437.0	17.5	17.50	95.0	0.050		0.050		0.052	
		11	2462.0	16.5	16.40	95.0	0.043		0.044		0.046	

Table 11.3-10b SAR testing results for Wi-Fi/WLAN/802.11b/g body-worn configuration

Note 1: SAR measurements were performed on the highest output power mode and channel.
Note 2: Spot check measurements were performed on 802.11b as its conducted power is ¼ dB higher than 802.11g on the low/high channel.

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - Bluetooth 2450 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
10mm Back	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	0.30	0.021	0.022	0.023	0.024
	78	2480.0							
10mm Front	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	-0.15	0.004		0.005	
	78	2480.0							
10mm Left	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0							
	78	2480.0							
10mm Right	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0							
	78	2480.0							
10mm Bottom	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0							
	78	2480.0							
10mm Top	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	0.05	0.008		0.009	
	78	2480.0							

Table 11.3-11a SAR testing results for Bluetooth Hotspot configuration

Note: SAR measurements were performed on the highest output power channel

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - Bluetooth 2450 MHz									
Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Extrapolated		Reported	
			Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR
15mm Back	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	0.10	0.011		0.012	
	78	2480.0							
15mm Front	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0							
	78	2480.0							
Holster Back	0	2402.0							
	39	2441.0	10.75	10.4	-0.04	0.006		0.006	
	78	2480.0							

Table 11.3-11b SAR testing results for Bluetooth body-worn configuration

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Hotspot (10mm Spacing) - 802.11an 5000-6000 MHz													
Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	BW (MHz)	Sub Band	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Duty Factor (%)	1g SAR (W/Kg)				
									Extrapolated		Reported		FULL SAR at 100% DF
						Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR	
10mm Back	6	20	Low Band	36	5180	17	15.5	95		0.586		0.828	0.869
				48	5240	17	15.2	95		0.737		1.12	1.17
			Mid Band	52	5260								
				64	5320								
			Upper Band I	104	5520								
				116	5580								
				124	5620								
				136	5680								
			Upper Band II	149	5745	16	15.2	95		0.453		0.545	0.572
				157	5785	16	14.8						
				165	5825	16	14.6						
10mm Front	6	20	Low	48	5240	17	15.2	95		0.030		0.045	0.048
			Mid										
			I										
			II										
10mm Left	6	20	Low										
			Mid	48	5240	17	15.2	95		0.095		0.144	0.151
			I										
			II										
10mm Right	6	20	Low										
			Mid	48	5240	17	15.2	95		0.011		0.017	0.018
			I										
			II										
10mm Top	6	20	Low										
			Mid	48	5240	17	15.2	95		0.215		0.325	0.342
			I										
			II										

Table 11.3-12a SAR testing results for 802.11a Hotspot configuration

Note 1: SAR measurements were performed on highest power channel in each sub-band and other default channel for the worst case sub-band.
Note 2: Hotspot is only supported on the Low band and Upper band II.

Measured/Extrapolated SAR Values - Body-Worn (15mm Spacing/Holster) - 802.11an 5000-6000 MHz														
Position	Data Rate (Mbps)			Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)		Duty Factor (%)	1g SAR (W/Kg)				
									Extrapolated		Reported		FULL SAR at 100% DF
						Declared	Measured		FAST SAR	FULL SAR	FAST SAR	FULL SAR	
15mm Back	6	20	Low Band	36	5180	18	16.2	95		0.419		0.634	0.666
				48	5240								
			Mid Band	52	5260	20	18.3	95		0.957		1.42	**1.49**
				64	5320	20	18.1	95		0.858		1.33	1.40
			Upper Band I	104	5520	20	18.7	95		0.335		0.452	0.474
				116	5580								
				124	5620								
				136	5680								
			Upper Band II	153	5765	20	18.4	95		0.612		0.885	0.929
				157	5785	20	18.5	95		0.708		1.00	1.05
				165	5825	20	18.1	95		0.785		1.22	1.28
15mm Front	6	20	Low										
			Mid	52	5260	20	18.3	95		0.056		0.083	0.087
			I										
			II										
Holster Back	6	20	Mid	52	5260	20	18.3	95		0.715		1.06	1.11
			Mid	64	5320	20	18.1	95		0.515		0.798	0.838
Holster Front	6	20	Low										
			Mid										
			I										
			II										
15mm + Headset	6	20	Low										
			Mid	52	5260	20	18.3	95		0.929		1.37	1.44
			I										
			II										
Repeat Scans - 15mm Back													
2nd Scan	6	20	Mid	52	5260	20	18.3	95		0.883		1.31	1.37

Table 11.3-12b SAR testing results for 802.11a body-worn configuration

11.4 Simultaneous transmission analysis for SAR measurement results

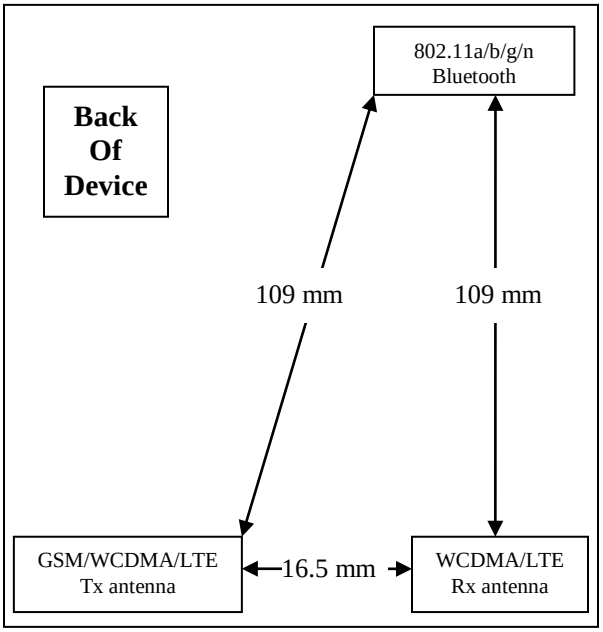

Figure 11.4-1 Back view of device showing closest distance between antenna pairs

Separate Transmitting Antenna		
Separate Antenna	**Technologies Utilized By Each Antenna**	
Antenna 1	GSM, WCDMA, LTE	
Antenna 2	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz, Wi-Fi 5.0 GHz, Bluetooth	
Simultaneous Transmission Combinations		
Configuration	**Simultaneous Transmission (by Antenna)**	**Simultaneous Transmission (by Technology)**
Head	Antenna 1 + Antenna 2	GSM/WCDMA/LTE + Wi-Fi/BT
Body-Worn	Antenna 1 + Antenna 2	GSM/WCDMA/LTE + Wi-Fi/BT
Hotspot	Antenna 1 + Antenna 2	GSM/WCDMA/LTE + Wi-Fi/BT

Table 11.4-1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

Note 1: BT and Wi-Fi cannot transmit simultaneously since the design doesn't allow it and they use the same antenna.
Note 2: 802.11b and 802.11a cannot transmit simultaneously since the design doesn't allow it and they use the same antenna.
Note 3: LTE and GSM/WCDMA cannot transmit simultaneously since it shares the same antenna.

Head SAR Values Summation On The Same Test Position					
Config	Position	Licensed Transmitters		Wi-Fi 2.4/5.0GHz 1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)	Max Sum 1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)
		Band	1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)		
Head SAR	Right Cheek	LTE Band 17	0.383	0.369	0.752
		LTE Band 5	0.386	0.369	0.755
		GSM/DTM 850	0.634	0.369	1.00
		WCDMA FDD V	0.527	0.369	0.896
		LTE Band 4	0.804	0.369	1.17
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.935	0.369	1.30
		LTE Band 2	1.18	0.369	1.55
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.837	0.369	1.21
		WCDMA FDD II	1.35	0.369	**1.72**
Head SAR	Right Tilt	LTE Band 17	0.253	0.558	0.811
		LTE Band 5	0.240	0.558	0.798
		GSM/DTM 850	0.442	0.558	1.00
		WCDMA FDD V	0.340	0.558	0.898
		LTE Band 4	0.219	0.558	0.777
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.208	0.558	0.766
		LTE Band 2	0.336	0.558	0.894
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.192	0.558	0.750
		WCDMA FDD II	0.354	0.558	0.912
Head SAR	Left Cheek	LTE Band 17	0.226	0.386	0.612
		LTE Band 5	0.241	0.386	0.627
		GSM/DTM 850	0.392	0.386	0.778
		WCDMA FDD V	0.351	0.386	0.737
		LTE Band 4	0.302	0.386	0.688
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.276	0.386	0.662
		LTE Band 2	0.458	0.386	0.844
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.293	0.386	0.679
		WCDMA FDD II	0.558	0.386	0.944

Head SAR	Left Tilt	LTE Band 17	0.153	0.486	0.639
		LTE Band 5	0.175	0.486	0.661
		GSM/DTM 850	0.288	0.486	0.774
		WCDMA FDD V	0.272	0.486	0.758
		LTE Band 4	0.242	0.486	0.728
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.225	0.486	0.711
		LTE Band 2	0.374	0.486	0.860
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.141	0.486	0.627
		WCDMA FDD II	0.405	0.486	0.891

Table 11.4-2a Highest Head SAR values and summation on the same test position

Note 1: If sum of 1 g SAR < 1.6 W/kg, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.
Note 2: If sum of 1 g SAR > 1.6 W/kg, ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters calculated.

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS II	Right Cheek	1.35	62.5	-252.2	-170.9
2	802.11a	Right Cheek	0.369	15.0	-336.7	-172.1
SAR Sum	1.72	Coord. Delta (mm)		47.6	84.5	1.2
SAR SUM^1.5	2.25	Closest Distance (mm):				96.97
Ratio	**0.02**					

Table 11.4-2b Head configuration ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters

Note: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is ≤ 0.04, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.

Hotspot Mode SAR Values Summation On The Same Test Position					
Config.	Position	Licensed Transmitters		Wi-Fi 2.4/5.0GHz 1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)	Max Sum 1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)
		Band	1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)		
Hotspot Mode SAR	10mm Back	LTE Band 17	0.770	1.17	**1.94**
		LTE Band 5	0.685	1.17	**1.86**
		GSM/DTM 850	0.877	1.17	**2.05**
		WCDMA FDD V	0.814	1.17	**1.98**
		LTE Band 4	1.34	1.17	**2.51**
		WCDMA FDD IV	1.38	1.17	**2.55**
		LTE Band 2	0.900	1.17	**2.07**
		GSM/DTM 1900	1.23	1.17	**2.40**
		WCDMA FDD II	1.28	1.17	**2.45**
Hotspot Mode SAR	10mm Front	LTE Band 17	0.377	0.048	0.425
		LTE Band 5	0.496	0.048	0.544
		GSM/DTM 850	0.715	0.048	0.763
		WCDMA FDD V	0.645	0.048	0.693
		LTE Band 4	0.573	0.048	0.621
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.638	0.048	0.686
		LTE Band 2	0.610	0.048	0.658
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.614	0.048	0.662
		WCDMA FDD II	0.591	0.048	0.639
Hotspot Mode SAR	10mm Left	LTE Band 17	0.151	0.151	0.302
		LTE Band 5	0.454	0.151	0.605
		GSM/DTM 850	0.541	0.151	0.692
		WCDMA FDD V	0.551	0.151	0.702
		LTE Band 4	0.063	0.151	0.214
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.044	0.151	0.195
		LTE Band 2	0.026	0.151	0.177
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.025	0.151	0.176
		WCDMA FDD II	0.047	0.151	0.198

Hotspot Mode SAR	10mm Right	LTE Band 17	0.444	0.018	0.462
		LTE Band 5	0.697	0.018	0.715
		GSM/DTM 850	0.860	0.018	0.878
		WCDMA FDD V	0.987	0.018	1.01
		LTE Band 4	0.463	0.018	0.481
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.451	0.018	0.469
		LTE Band 2	0.678	0.018	0.696
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.537	0.018	0.555
		WCDMA FDD II	0.616	0.018	0.634
Hotspot Mode SAR	10mm Bottom	LTE Band 17	0.183		0.183
		LTE Band 5	0.313		0.313
		GSM/DTM 850	0.310		0.310
		WCDMA FDD V	0.370		0.370
		LTE Band 4	0.581		0.581
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.548		0.548
		LTE Band 2	0.690		0.690
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.517		0.517
		WCDMA FDD II	0.523		0.523
Hotspot Mode SAR	10mm Top	LTE Band 17		0.342	0.342
		LTE Band 5		0.342	0.342
		GSM/DTM 850		0.342	0.342
		WCDMA FDD V		0.342	0.342
		LTE Band 4		0.342	0.342
		WCDMA FDD IV		0.342	0.342
		LTE Band 2		0.342	0.342
		GSM/DTM 1900		0.342	0.342
		WCDMA FDD II		0.342	0.342

Table 11.4-3a Highest Hotspot SAR values and summation on the same test position

Note 1: If sum of 1 g SAR < 1.6 W/kg, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.
Note 2: If sum of 1 g SAR > 1.6 W/kg, ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters calculated.

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	LTE 17	10mm Back	0.77	3.0	42.0	-209.3
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	1.94	Coord. Delta (mm)		45.0	110.0	-1.4
SAR SUM^1.5	2.70	Closest Distance (mm):				118.87
Ratio	**0.02**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	LTE 5	10mm Back	0.685	4.5	42.0	-208.4
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	1.86	Coord. Delta (mm)		46.5	110.0	-0.5
SAR SUM^1.5	2.53	Closest Distance (mm):				119.43
Ratio	**0.02**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	GSM 850	10mm Back	0.877	1.0	47.0	-208.2
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	2.05	Coord. Delta (mm)		43.0	115.0	-0.3
SAR SUM^1.5	2.93	Closest Distance (mm):				122.78
Ratio	**0.02**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS V	10mm Back	0.814	10.0	6.5	-208.3
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	1.98	Coord. Delta (mm)		52.0	74.5	-0.4
SAR SUM^1.5	2.79	Closest Distance (mm):				90.87
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	LTE 4	10mm Back	1.34	9.5	57.0	-207.5
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	2.51	Coord. Delta (mm)		51.5	125.0	0.4
SAR SUM^1.5	3.98	Closest Distance (mm):				135.20
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS IV	10mm Back	1.38	12.0	57.0	-207.5
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	2.55	Coord. Delta (mm)		54.0	125.0	0.4
SAR SUM^1.5	4.07	Closest Distance (mm):				136.17
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	LTE 2	10mm Back	0.900	13.1	62.0	-207.5
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	2.07	Coord. Delta (mm)		55.0	130.0	0.4
SAR SUM^1.5	2.98	Closest Distance (mm):				141.17
Ratio	**0.02**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	GSM1900	10mm Back	1.23	12.0	57.0	-207.5
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	2.40	Coord. Delta (mm)		54.0	125.0	0.4
SAR SUM^1.5	3.72	Closest Distance (mm):				136.17
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS II	10mm Back	1.28	12.0	57.0	-207.5
2	802.11a	10mm Back	1.17	-42.0	-68.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	2.45	Coord. Delta (mm)		54.0	125.0	0.4
SAR SUM^1.5	3.83	Closest Distance (mm):				136.17
Ratio	**0.03**					

Table 11.4-3b Hotspot configuration ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters

Note: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is ≤ 0.04, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.

Body-Worn SAR Values Summation On The Same Test Position					
Config.	Position	Licensed Transmitters		Wi-Fi 2.4/5.0GHz 1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)	Max Sum 1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)
		Band	1g avg. SAR (W/Kg)		
Body Worn SAR	15mm Back	LTE Band 17	0.460	1.49	**1.95**
		LTE Band 5	0.490	1.49	**1.98**
		GSM/DTM 850	0.615	1.49	**2.11**
		WCDMA FDD V	0.698	1.49	**2.19**
		LTE Band 4	0.786	1.49	**2.28**
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.959	1.49	**2.45**
		LTE Band 2	0.514	1.49	**2.00**
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.541	1.49	**2.03**
		WCDMA FDD II	1.01	1.49	**2.50**
Body Worn SAR	15mm Front	LTE Band 17	0.318	0.087	0.405
		LTE Band 5	0.459	0.087	0.546
		GSM/DTM 850	0.615	0.087	0.702
		WCDMA FDD V	0.585	0.087	0.672
		LTE Band 4	0.448	0.087	0.535
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.479	0.087	0.566
		LTE Band 2	0.484	0.087	0.571
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.337	0.087	0.424
		WCDMA FDD II	0.541	0.087	0.628
Body Worn SAR	Holster Back	LTE Band 17	0.322	1.11	1.43
		LTE Band 5	0.429	1.11	1.54
		GSM/DTM 850		1.11	1.11
		WCDMA FDD V	0.550	1.11	**1.66**
		LTE Band 4	0.472	1.11	1.58
		WCDMA FDD IV	0.645	1.11	**1.76**
		LTE Band 2	0.348	1.11	1.46
		GSM/DTM 1900	0.266	1.11	1.38
		WCDMA FDD II	0.480	1.11	1.59
Body Worn SAR	Holster Front	GSM/DTM 850	0.579		0.579

Table 11.4-4a Highest Body-worn SAR values and summation on the same test position

Note 1: If sum of 1 g SAR < 1.6 W/kg, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.
Note 2: If sum of 1 g SAR > 1.6 W/kg, ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters is required.

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	LTE 17	15mm Back	0.46	-2.0	45.5	-208.3
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	1.95	Coord. Delta (mm)		52.0	102.5	-0.2
SAR SUM^1.5	2.72	Closest Distance (mm):				114.95
Ratio	**0.02**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	LTE 5	15mm Back	0.49	8.5	6.5	-208.5
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	1.98	Coord. Delta (mm)		62.5	63.5	-0.4
SAR SUM^1.5	2.79	Closest Distance (mm):				89.11
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	GSM 850	15mm Back	0.615	5.5	9.5	-208.4
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	2.11	Coord. Delta (mm)		59.5	66.5	-0.3
SAR SUM^1.5	3.05	Closest Distance (mm):				89.23
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS V	15mm Back	0.698	7.0	6.5	-208.4
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	2.19	Coord. Delta (mm)		61.0	63.5	-0.3
SAR SUM^1.5	3.24	Closest Distance (mm):				88.06
Ratio	**0.04**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	LTE 4	15mm Back	0.786	11.5	60.5	-207.5
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	2.28	Coord. Delta (mm)		65.5	117.5	0.6
SAR SUM^1.5	3.43	Closest Distance (mm):				134.52
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS IV	15mm Back	0.959	10.0	59.0	-207.6
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	2.45	Coord. Delta (mm)		64.0	116.0	0.5
SAR SUM^1.5		3.83	Closest Distance (mm):			132.50
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	LTE 2	15mm Back	0.514	13.0	59.0	-207.5
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	2.00	Coord. Delta (mm)		67.0	116.0	0.6
SAR SUM^1.5		2.84	Closest Distance (mm):			133.97
Ratio	**0.02**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	GSM1900	15mm Back	0.541	13.0	62.0	-207.5
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	2.03	Coord. Delta (mm)		67.0	119.0	0.6
SAR SUM^1.5		2.89	Closest Distance (mm):			136.57
Ratio	**0.02**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS II	15mm Back	1.01	13.0	60.5	-207.4
2	802.11a	15mm Back	1.49	-54.0	-57.0	-208.1
SAR Sum	2.50	Coord. Delta (mm)		67.0	117.5	0.7
SAR SUM^1.5		3.95	Closest Distance (mm):			135.26
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS V	Holster back	0.550	-6.5	-1.0	-208.4
2	802.11a	Holster back	1.11	-51.0	-64.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	1.66	Coord. Delta (mm)		44.5	63.0	-0.5
SAR SUM^1.5		2.14	Closest Distance (mm):			77.13
Ratio	**0.03**					

Antenna	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)	Coordinates (mm)		
				X	Y	Z
1	UMTS IV	Holster back	0.645	14.5	62.0	-207.2
2	802.11a	Holster back	1.11	-51.0	-64.0	-207.9
SAR Sum	1.76	Coord. Delta (mm)		65.5	126.0	0.7
SAR SUM^1.5	2.32	Closest Distance (mm):				142.01
Ratio	**0.02**					

Table 11.4-4b Body-worn configuration ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters

Note: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is ≤ 0.04, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.

12.0 REFERENCES

[1] DASY 5 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM SOFTWARE MANUAL, Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.
[2] FCC 47 CRF Part 2.1093, Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. June 18, 2014.
[3] FCC 96-326, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio-Frequency Radiation.
[4] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, 2009: Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
[5] IEEE C95.1-1992, IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
[6] IEEE C95.3-2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave.
[7] IEEE 1528-2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
[8] KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, May 2007: FCC OET SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters.
[9] KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, Feb 2014: FCC OET Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.
[10] KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, Dec 2013: FCC OET SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.
[11] KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, Feb 2014: FCC OET SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
[12] KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, May 2013: FCC OET RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.
[13] KDB 941225 D01 v03r00, Oct 2014: FCC OET 3G SAR Measurement Procedures.
[14] KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, Dec 2013: FCC OET SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices.
[15] KDB 941225 D05A v01r01, Aug 2014: FCC OET Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquires.
[16] KDB 941225 D06 v02r00, Oct 2014: FCC OET SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities.
[17] 3GPP TS 36.521-1 V10.0.0 (2011-12): Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Conformance testing.
[18] RSS-102, issue 4-2010: Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields.
[19] ICNIRP, International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (2009), Guidelines for limiting exposure in time-varying electric, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields (up to 300 GHz).
[20] IEC 62209-1, First Edition-2005: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz).
[21] IEC 62209-2, Edition 1.0-2010: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mount wireless communication devices – Human Models, instrumentation, and procedures - part 2 - procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz).